





## LOW-CARBON CITIES CONFERENCE

20 FEBRUARY 2018 EDINBURGH











# Enabling Low-Carbon Cities: Transforming Concept into Reality for Scotland

Claire Mack, Chief Executive, Scottish Renewables

Councillor John Alexander, Leader of Dundee City Council & Chair of Scottish Cities Alliance

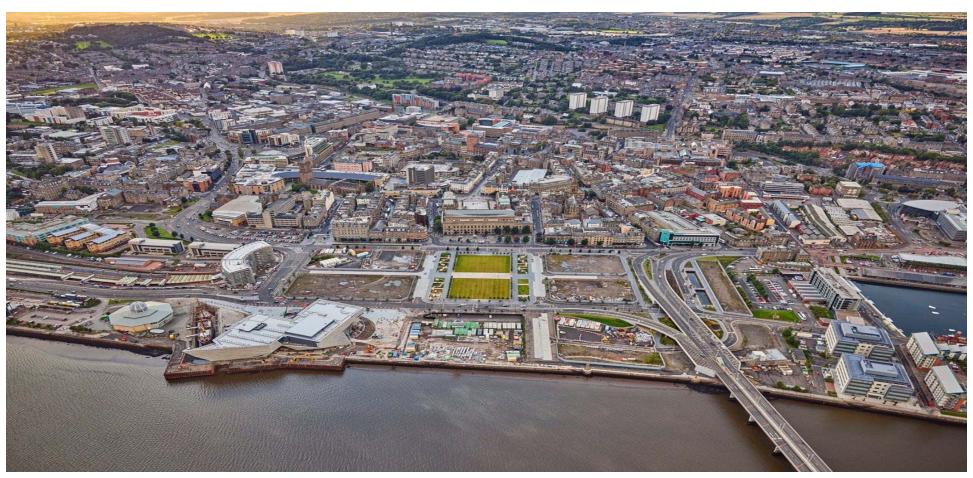
Richard Bellingham, Director, Institute for Future Cities, University of Strathclyde

Kate Turner, Legal Director, Pinsent Masons LLP

# Councillor John Alexander Leader of Dundee City Council & Chair of Scottish Cities Alliance

#### **Councillor John Alexander**

**Leader of Dundee City Council Chair, Scottish Cities Alliance** 







### Scottish Cities Alliance (SCA)

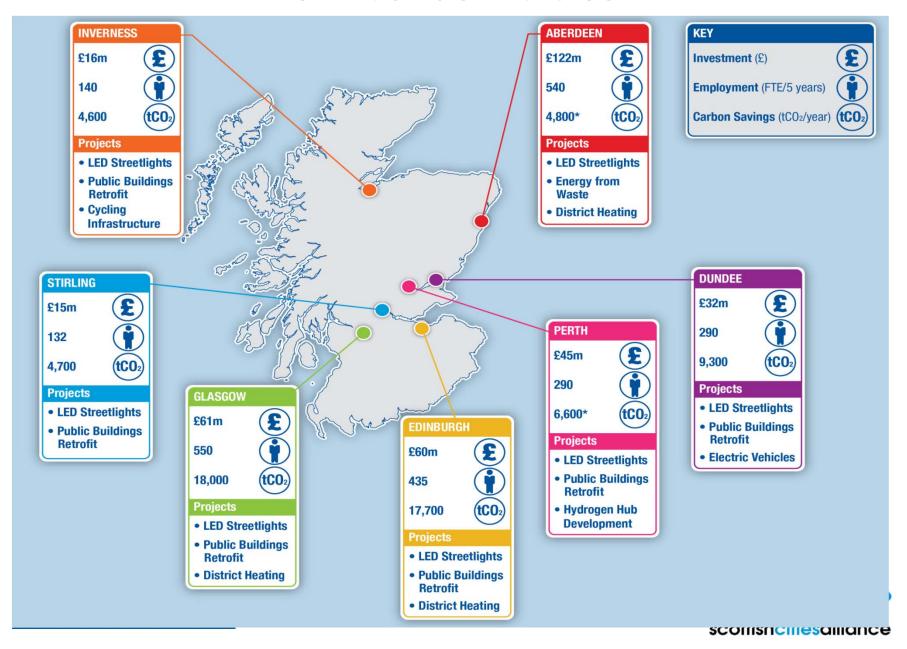
- Partnership of the 7 Scottish Cities and Scottish Government.
- Delivering the Scottish Government's 'Agenda for Cities'.
- Collaborative working to maximise economic potential.
- Focus on innovative solutions and attracting investment.
- Environment to test out new ideas and business models.
- 4 Operational plan priorities: Low Carbon;
   Hydrogen; Smart Cities & Infrastructure .



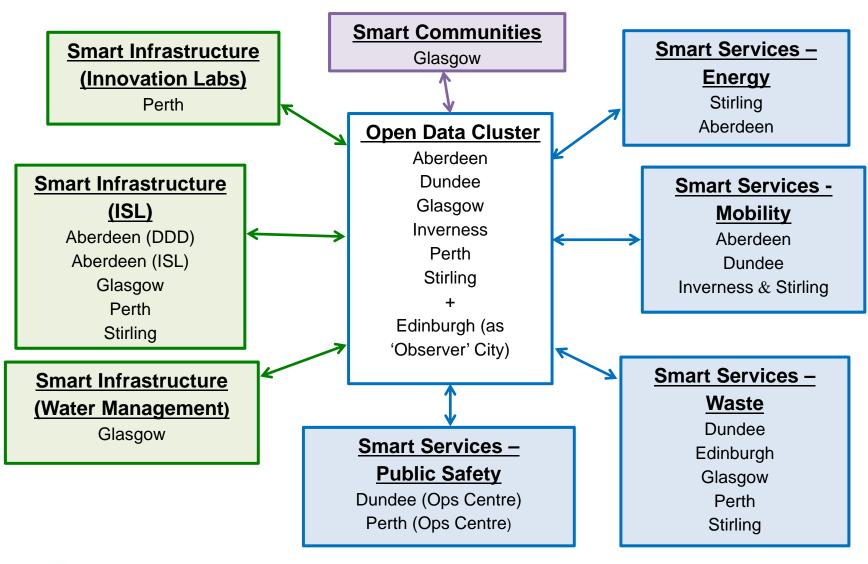




#### **Low Carbon Cities**



#### **Smart Cities**







**3**<sub>ro</sub>

Climate Change Plan

#### Low Carbon: Strategic Context

•Climate Change (Scotland) Act 2009. Scottish Government is in the process of finalising its third Climate Change Plan



Scotland's Agenda For Cities (2016)

•Scottish Government is in the process of finalising its **third Climate Change Plan**, setting out proposals and policies to drive emissions down by 66% by 2032. The final Plan is expected in early 2018.



•National Infrastructure Priority for Energy Efficiency Scotland's Energy Efficiency Programme (SEEP)



>66%

emissions by

2032

•Scotland's Energy Efficiency Programme: Second Consultation on Local Heat & Energy Efficiency Strategies, and Regulation of District and Communal Heating



Low Carbon Resilient Cities: Investment
 Opportunities for 'Better' Growth (Jacobs, January
 2015)







#### Low Carbon: Delivery to date



#### **Low Carbon Heat**

- LHEES: Atkins are developing the LHEES pilot project with 5 cities.
- **District heat policy,** energy statements and skills assessments.
- Collaborative procurement associated with low carbon heat .

#### **Circular Economy**



- Zero Waste Scotland Scan: appointed phase1 will deliver a CE scan for each city.
- CivTech Challenge: SCA is supporting the development of an innovative cross city CE challenge
- Interreg bid: Develop alternative routes to urban organic waste valorisation.

#### **Integrated Energy Systems**

- NCWFST (Non Conventional Wind Feasibility Study): city focused reports to identify a possible pilot project.
- Smart Meter Implementation
   Programme (SMIP): data extracted from
   Smart Meters will help inform the LHEES.

#### **Cross Cities Working**

- Low Carbon Vision and development of the SCA pitch book to include smart and sustainable
- Under 2 MOU: cities signed up to the Under2 coalition under the SCA banner to share the goal of limiting warming to below 2° Celsius.







#### Dundee

#### Role

- Reducing greenhouse gas emissions
- Adapting to the affects of climate change
- Re-asserting our low carbon credentials

#### <u>Challenge</u>

- Inward investment
- Business growth
- Energy security
- New jobs























## **sustainable**dundee



Scottish Energy Strategy:
The future of energy in Scotland

**Renewables** 

**Adaptation** 

& Resilience

**Energy Efficiency** 

Sustainable Transport District Heating

Resource **Efficiency** 

SECAP





## energy \(\frac{1}{2}\) dundee

The universities and colleges of Tayside have formed an alliance - creating a unique combination of training and research & development expertise to support the energy sector.



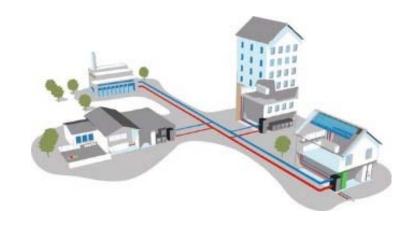
energydundee.com

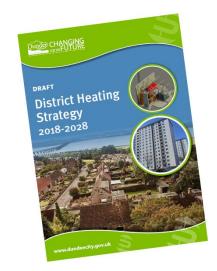




## **District Heating**





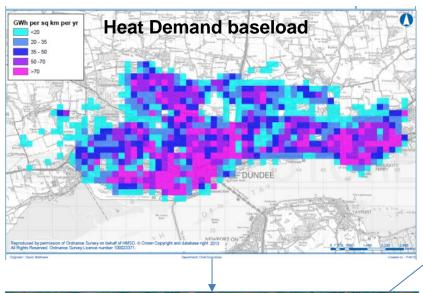


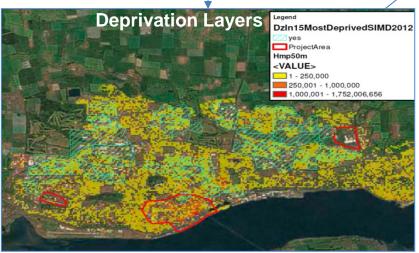


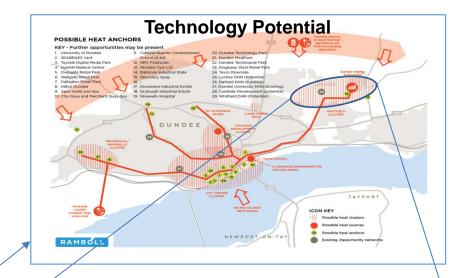




### Spatial Planning for heat decarbonisation



























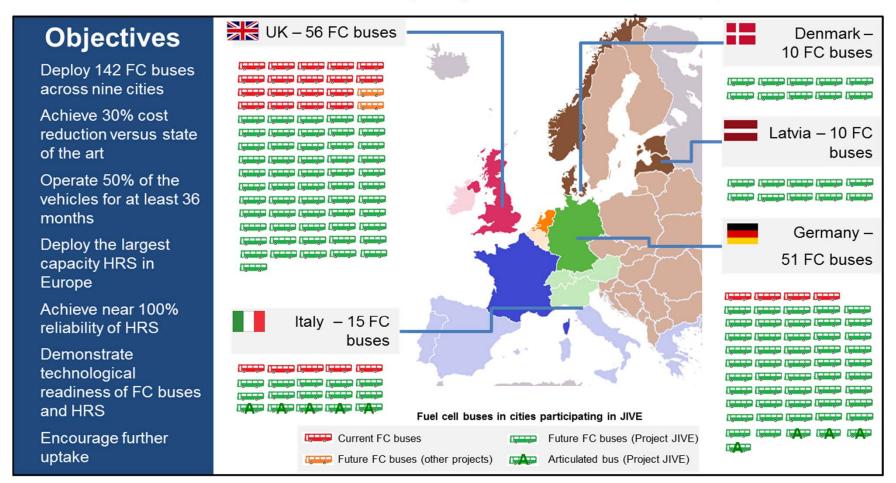








#### JIVE: Joint Initiative for hydrogen Vehicles across Europe













### **Richard Bellingham**

Director, Institute for Future Cities, University of Strathclyde









Richard Bellingham
Director
Institute for Future Cities
richard.bellingham@strath.ac.uk



## **Scottish Cities**

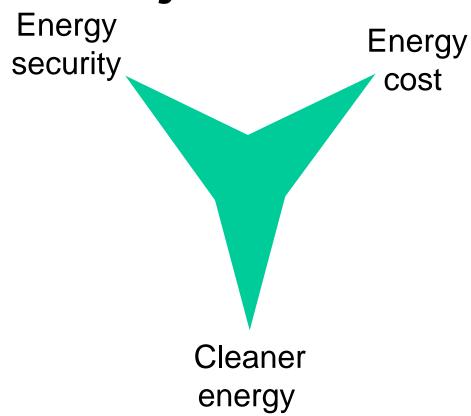
- Around 2.2 million people
- Two-thirds of the Scottish economy



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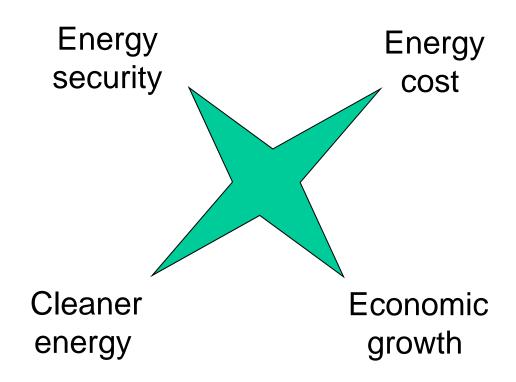


# **Energy Policy Objectives**



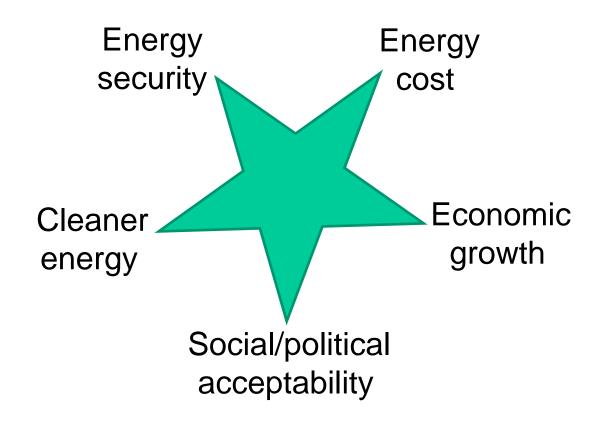


## **Policy Objectives**



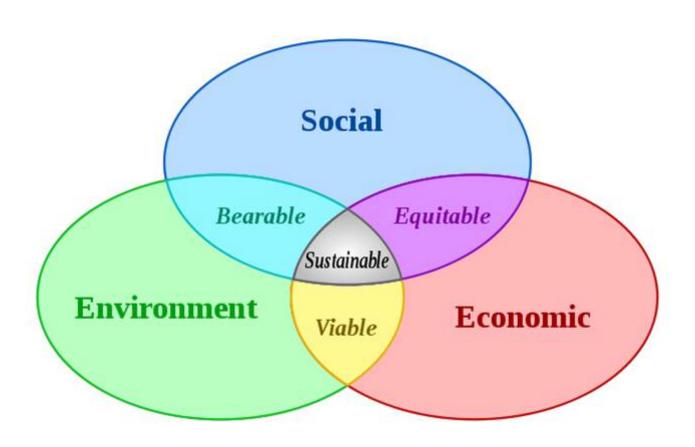


## **Policy Objectives**





## Sustainability must balance different policy objectives





## A holistic approach

The whole city

**Evidence based** 

**Technology neutral** 

Long term strategic view

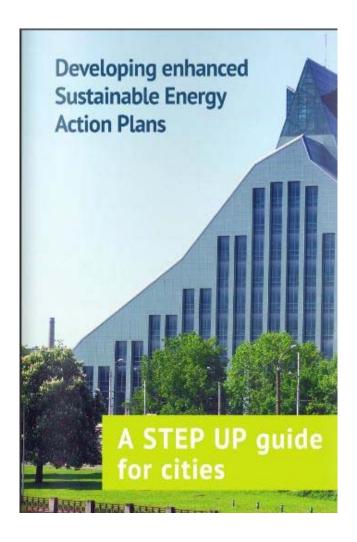
Create supportive public policies and business models



## **Understand your city**

- Energy demand
- Energy resources
- Infrastructure
- Investment
- Economic change
- Environmental issues
- Social and political drivers









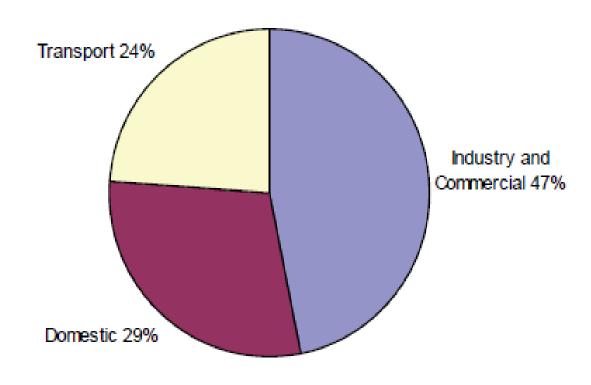




## Energy demand

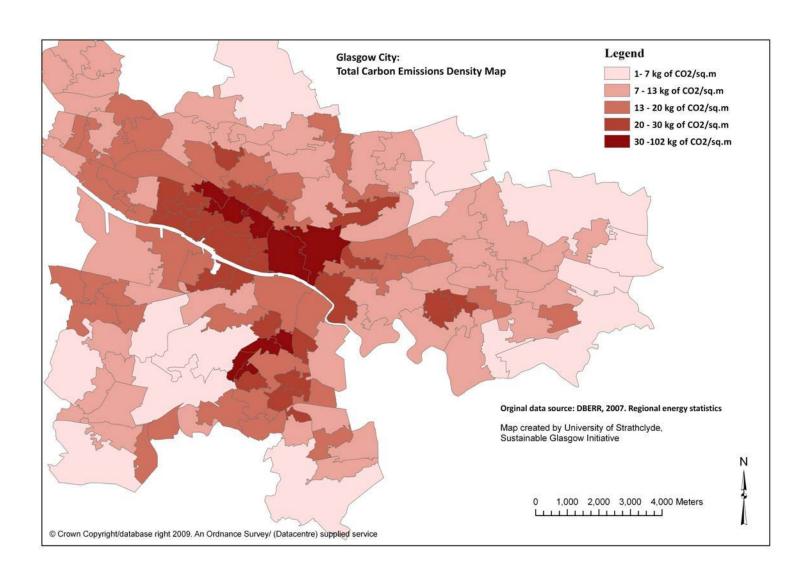


## The pattern of energy use



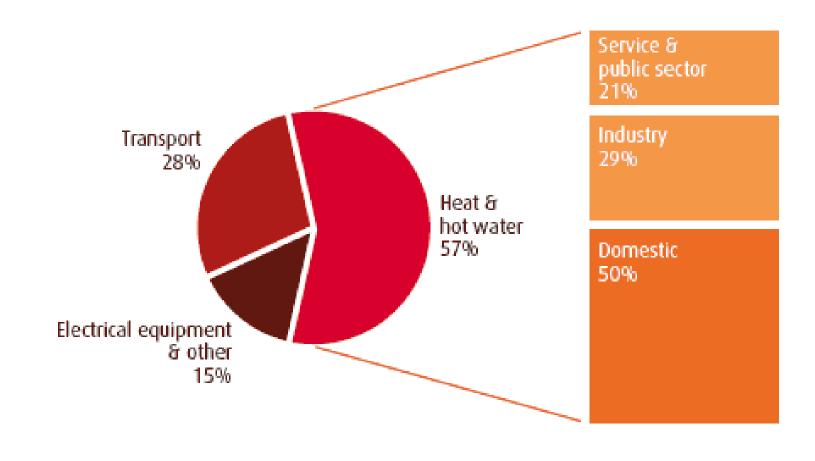


## A New Approach





### The Role of Heat

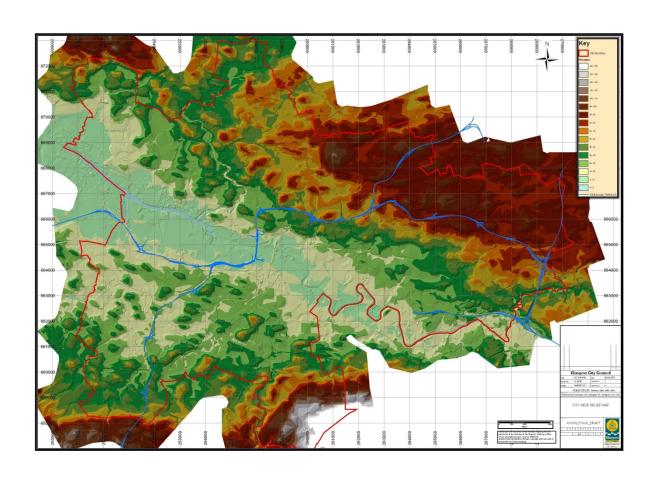




# Energy resources

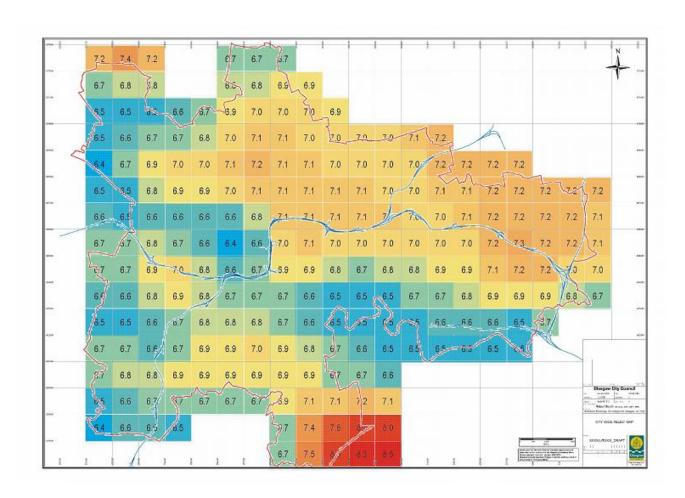


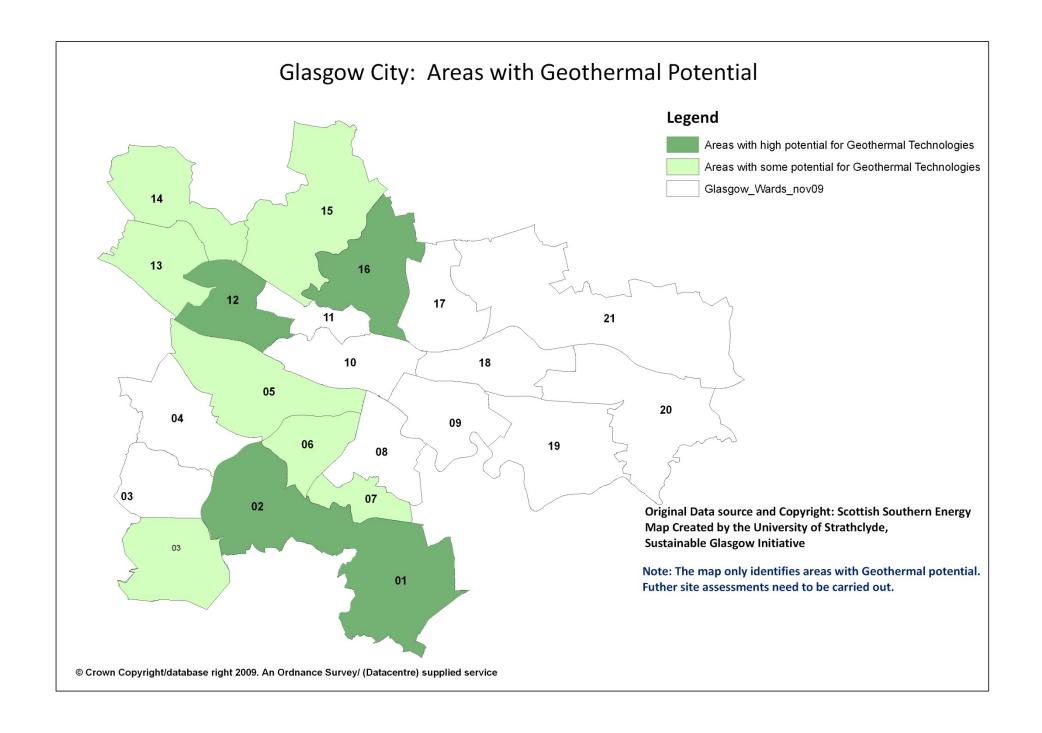
# Hydro potential

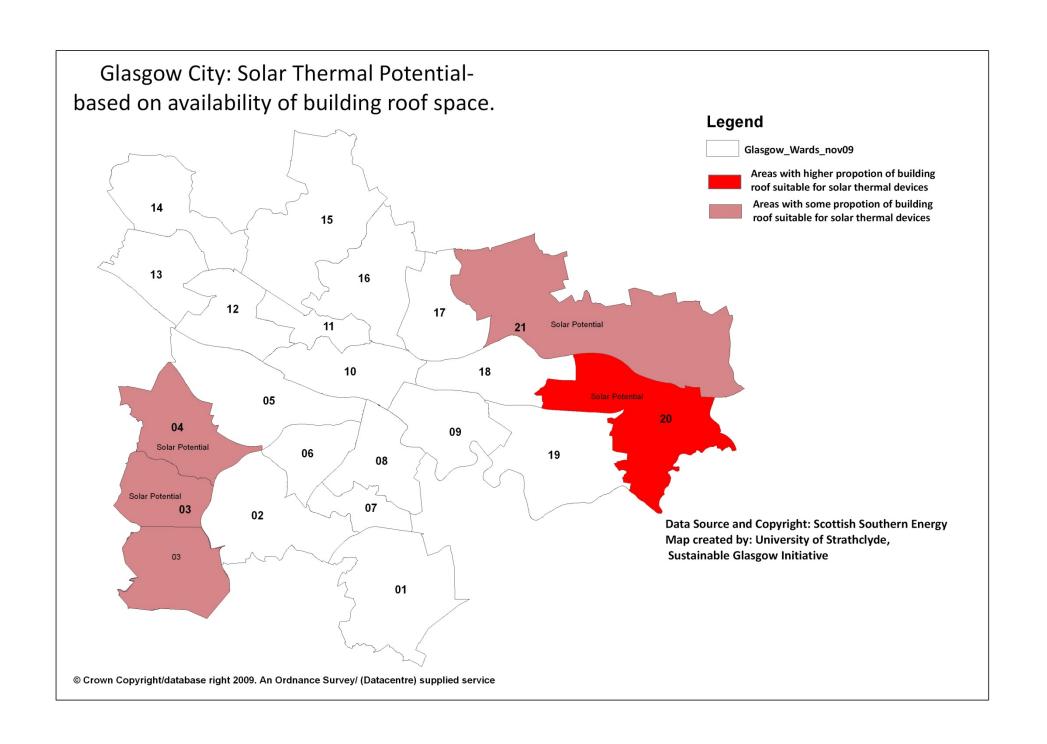


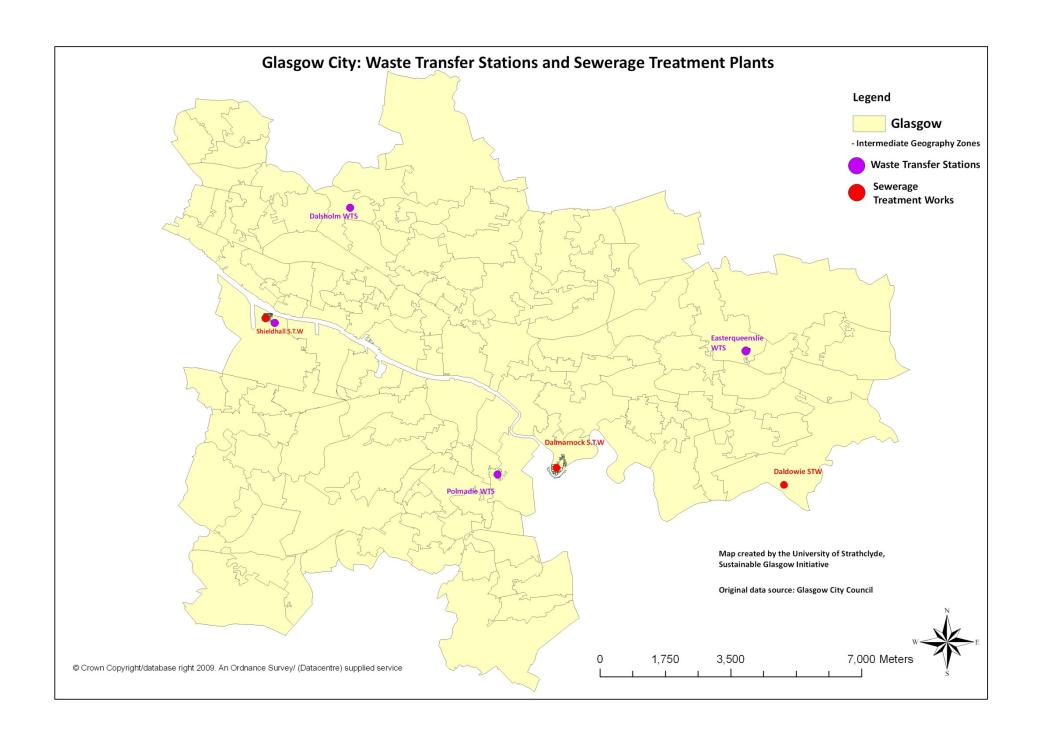


# Wind Speed

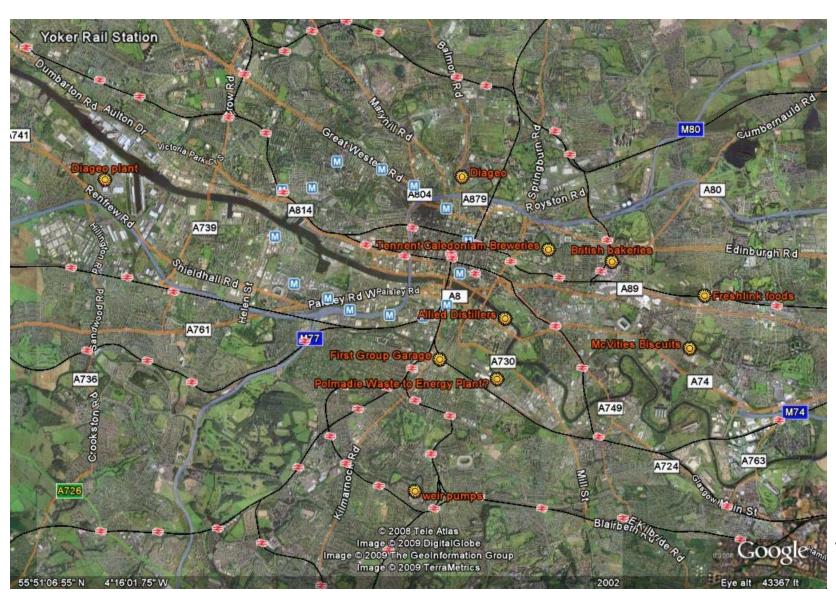








# Possible heat suppliers Strathclyde

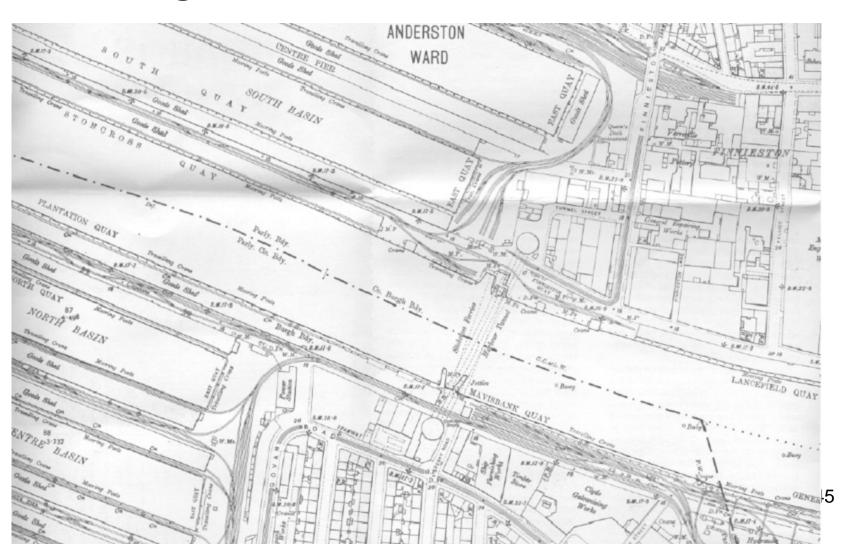




# Infrastructure



# Glasgow's harbours 1913



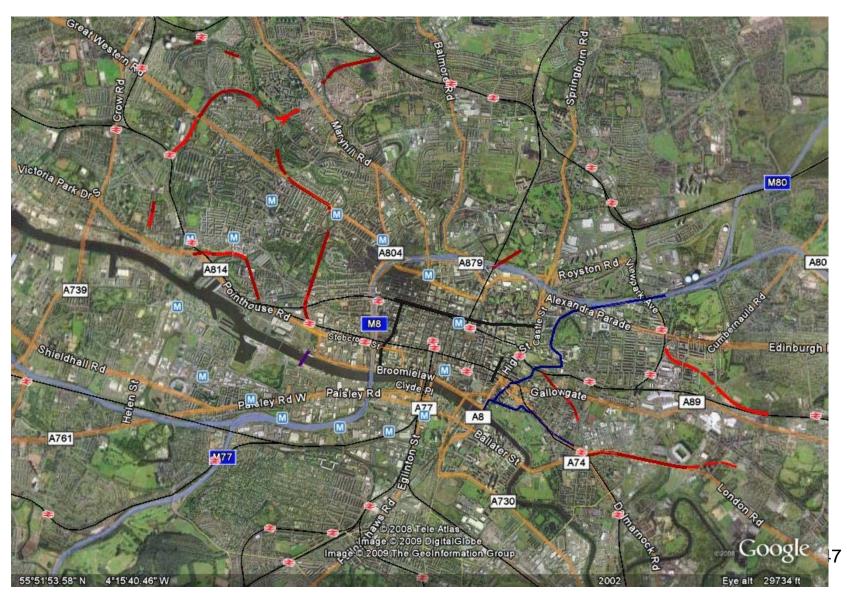


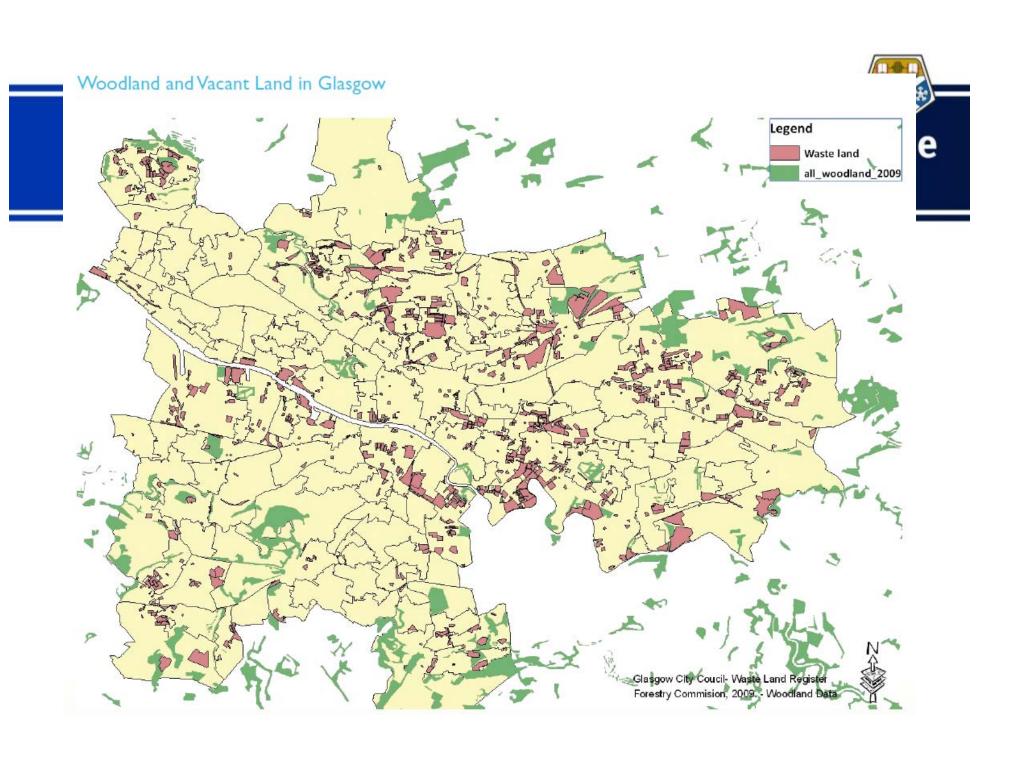
### The Rotunda





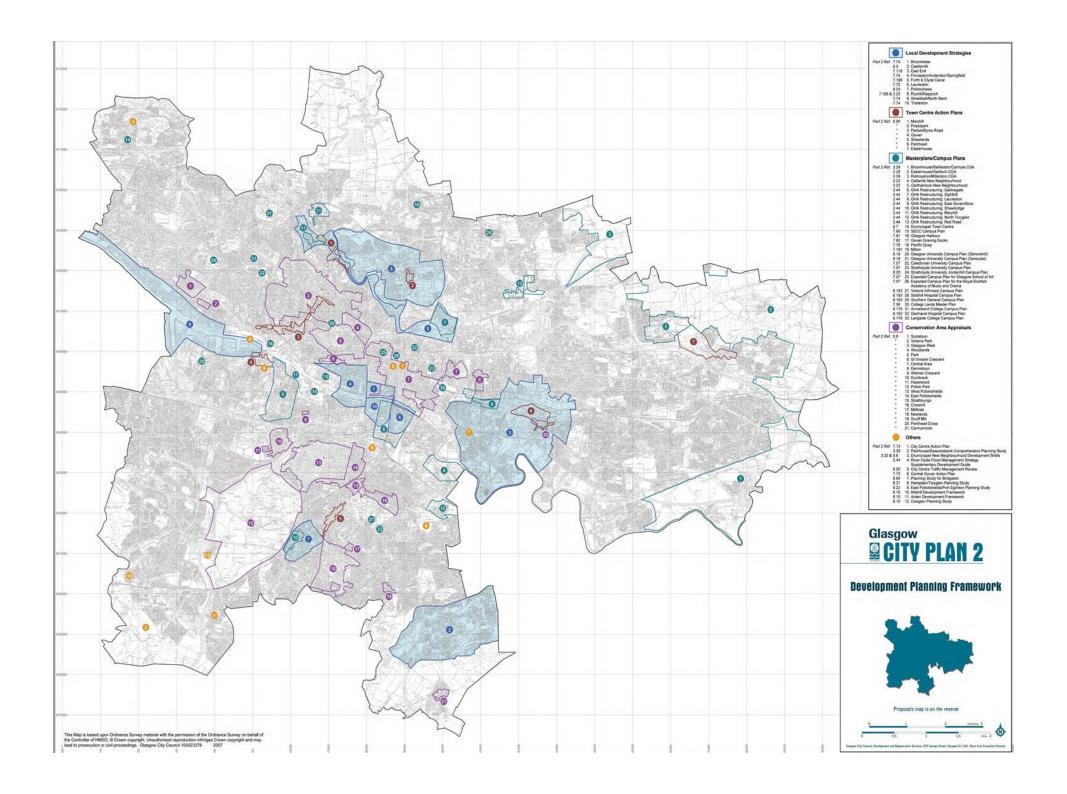
## **Tunnels**







# Investment



### **Commonwealth Games**







# Commonwealth Games Village







# **Environmental**issues



### **Environmental issues**

- City centre air pollution
- Noise pollution
- GHG emissions



# Social and Political issues



### Social and Political issues

- Poverty
- Jobs
- Aging populations
- Crime



# A New Approach

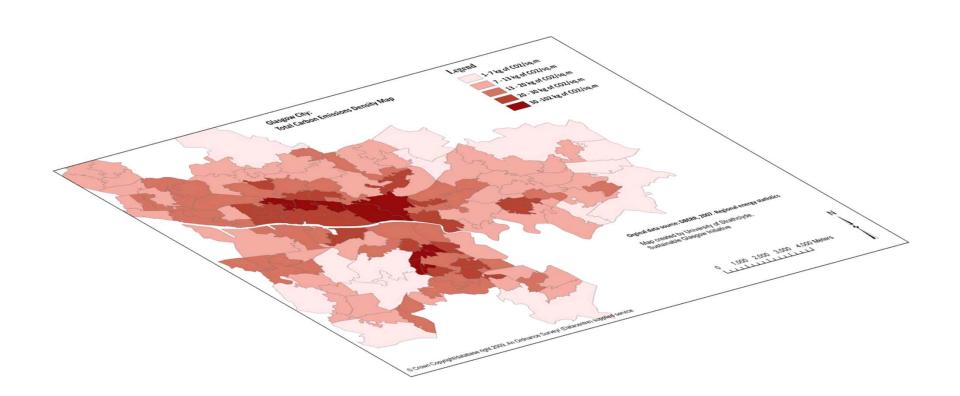




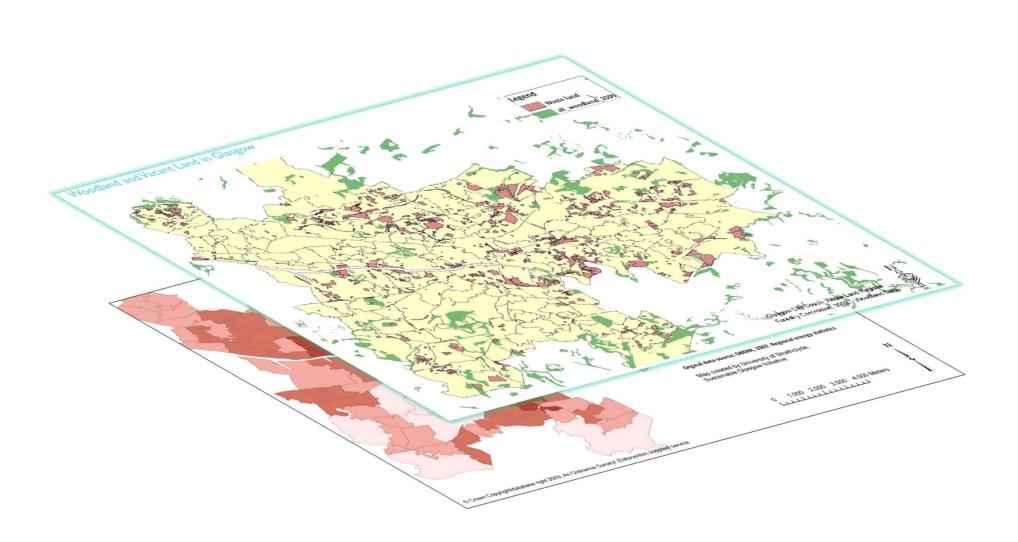
# A New Approach





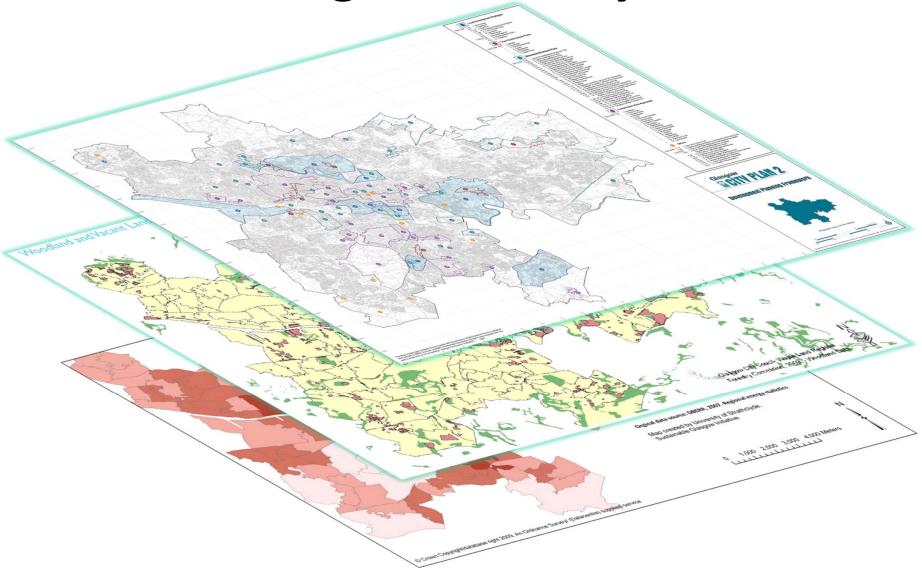






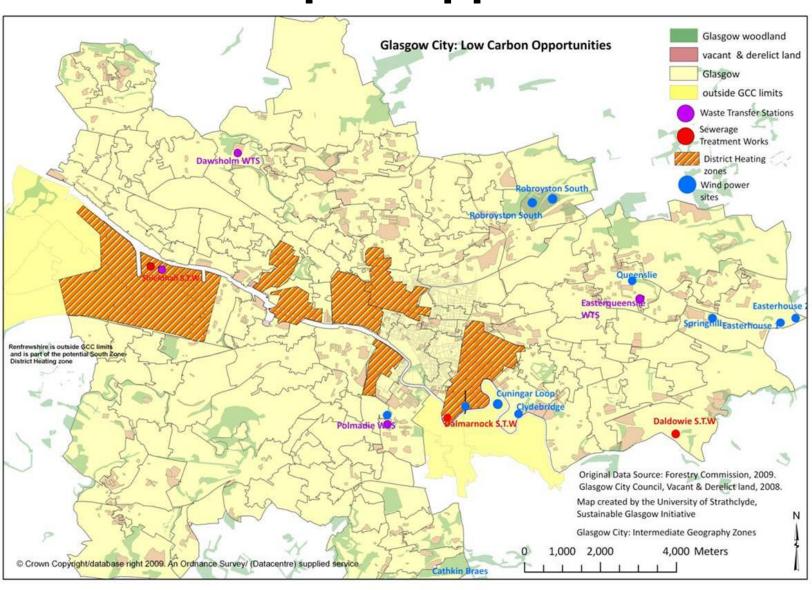


## **An Integrated Analysis**



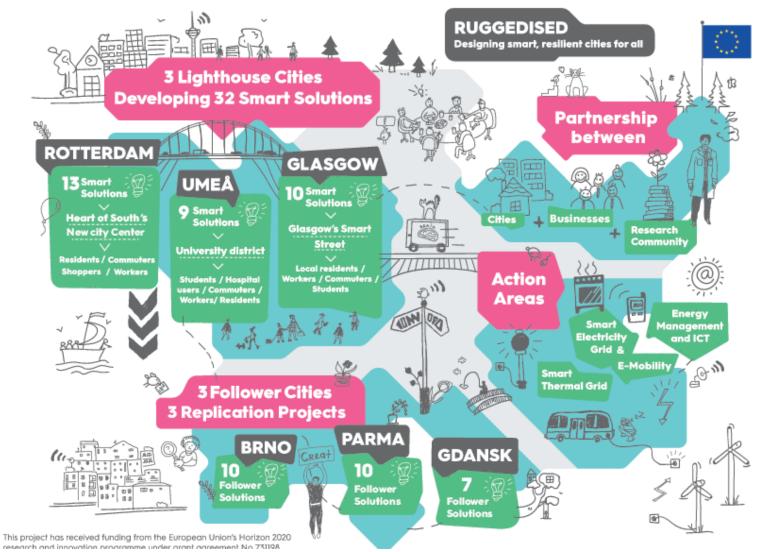
# Combined Map of Opportunities Strathclyde Glasgow

**University of** 





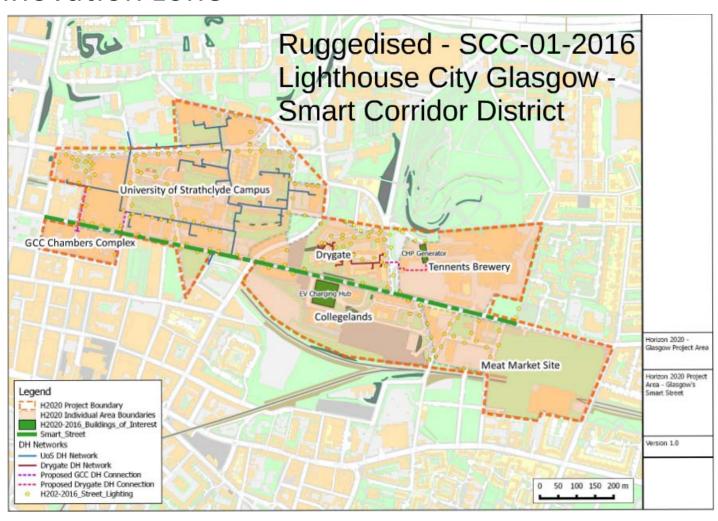
### Sustainable Cities: Ruggedised





#### Ruggedised

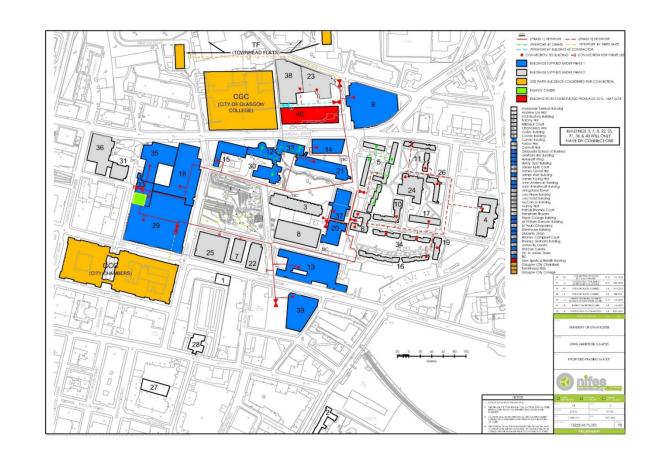
Sustainability & Resilience Integrating Transport, Energy and ICT within an Innovation zone

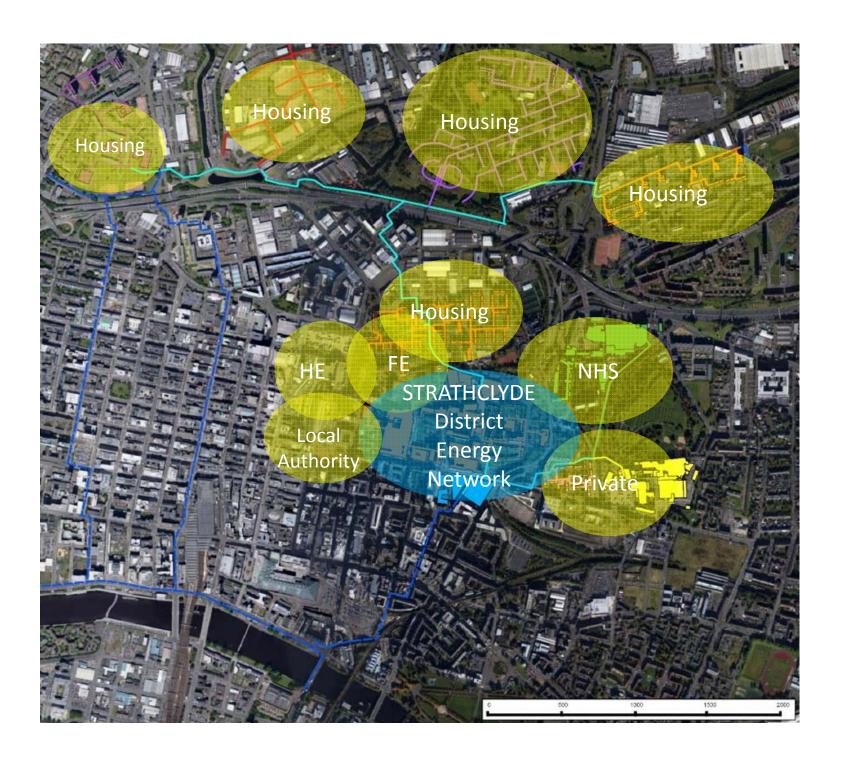


#### Strathclyde District Heating Scheme



- A £20 million investment
- Reducing Strathclyde's CO<sub>2</sub> Emissions by 50%







# Creating change

- No instant transformation of the economy and society
- No single technological "magic bullet"
- Need multiple solutions working together
- Need a strategic approach
- Need to balance efficiency and fairness
- A phased long term transformation
- Underpinned by sustained behavioural change
- Supported by public policy changes



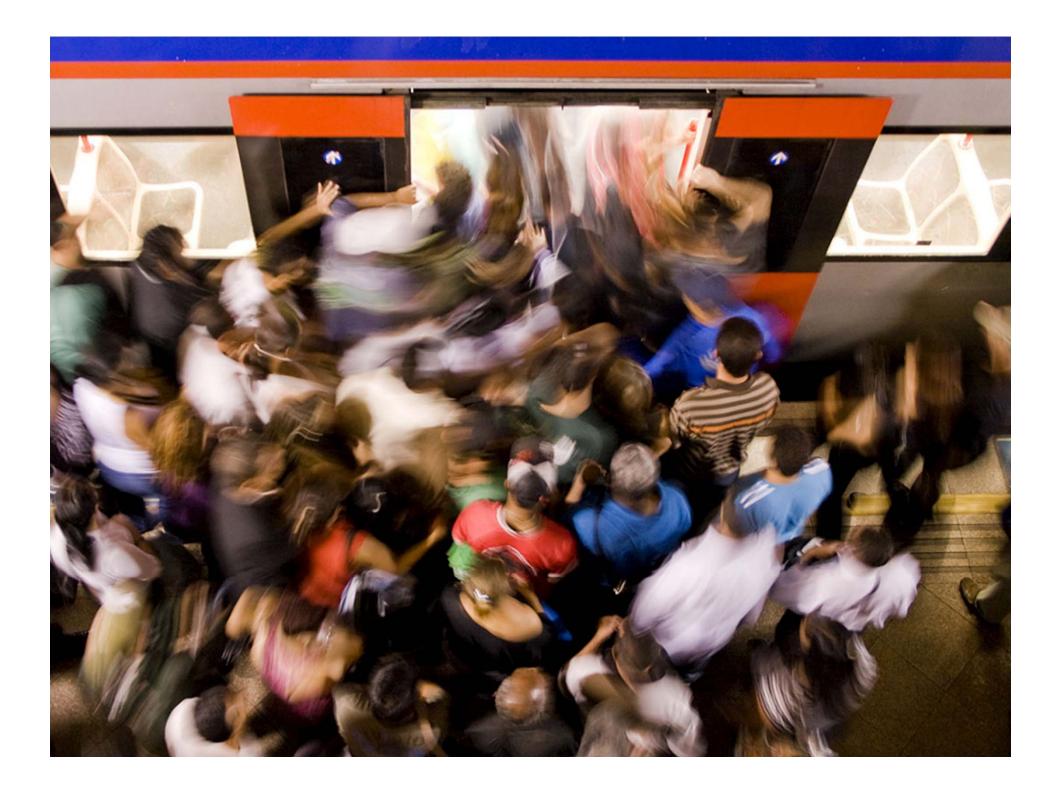
# Transport issues













## Deliver tangible benefits

- Create investment
- Deliver jobs
- Attract and grow businesses
- Help tackle fuel poverty
- Reduce carbon emissions
- Create new revenue streams
- Create a cleaner city
- Help develop communities
- Develop and transfer new knowledge
- Be a leader in sustainable urban living
- transform your image on a world stage



# **Key Messages**

- Understand your city first
  - Energy use, infrastructure, energy resources, future development, social issues, key stakeholders
- Partnership will increase access to information, expertise, finance, opportunities – and deliver better solutions
- Need technical and financial viability
- Political support is vital
- Create positive social outcomes
- Major carbon reductions require major change
- Integrated approach
  - Reduces risks increases successful outcomes
  - Creates win/win projects



# **Key Messages**

Grasp your windows of opportunity



## More than technology

Engage the enthusiasm and talent of people, communities, and businesses

Create a supportive public policy environment

**Develop business models** 

**Draw in investment** 

Change attitudes and behaviours



# Easy

- Transport
- Safety
- Connectivity
- Tailored Information Services



# Equitable

- living conditions
- access to services
- health
- education
- jobs



#### Distinctive

- Location
- Natural resources
- People and culture
- Economic legacy



#### Flexible

- Economies
- Infrastructure
- Social structures

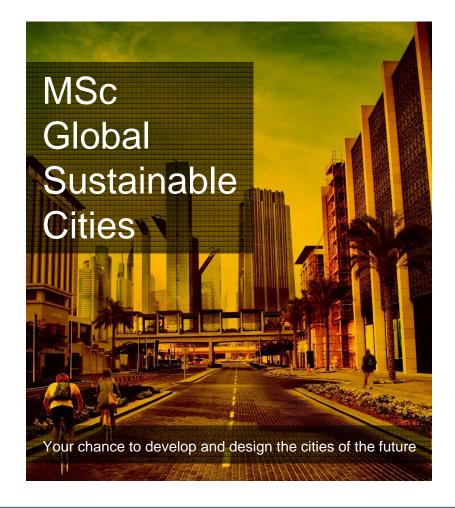


# Delightful

- Fun
- Entertaining
- Surprising
- Creative







**MSc Global Sustainable Cities** 



# Thank you

# Kate Turner Legal Director, Pinsent Masons LLP





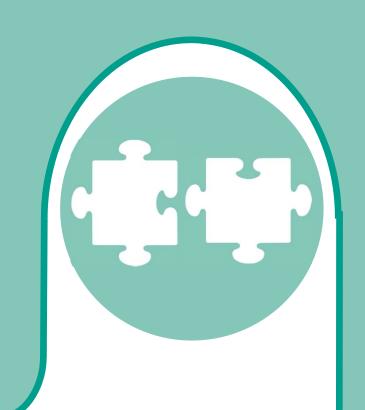
#### Overview

Low carbon developments - where are we now?

• Key findings - "Hungry for Change" report

Perspective - what does this mean for Scotland's low carbon ambitions?

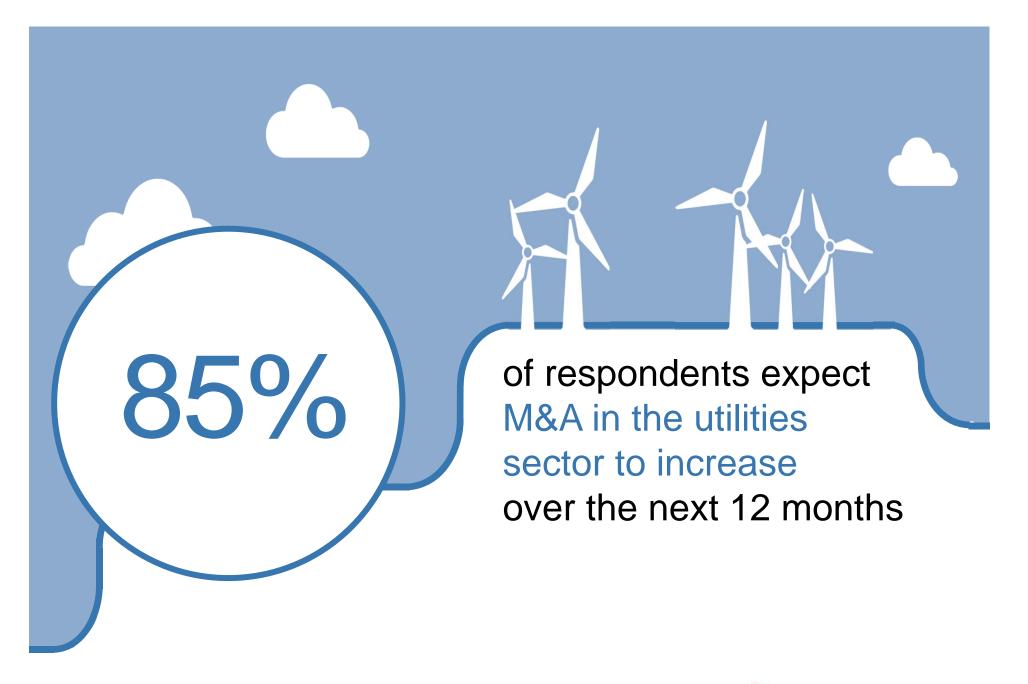




# 90%

of utilities are on the lookout for a joint venture, Acquisition or both to take their next step in smart energy technology

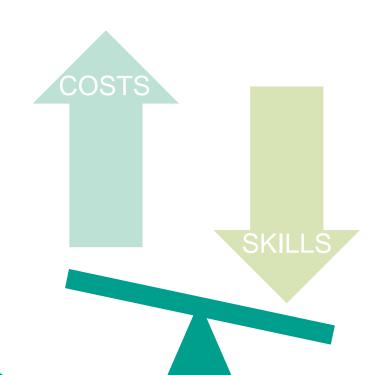






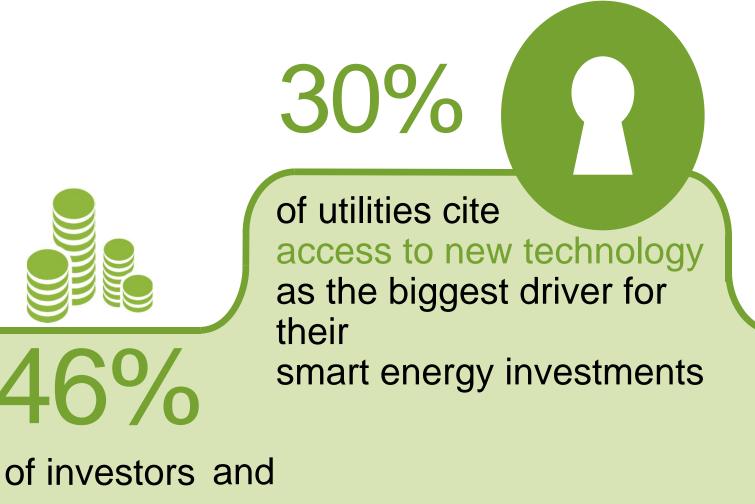


of energy companies say they will not opt for in-house development of smart energy solutions

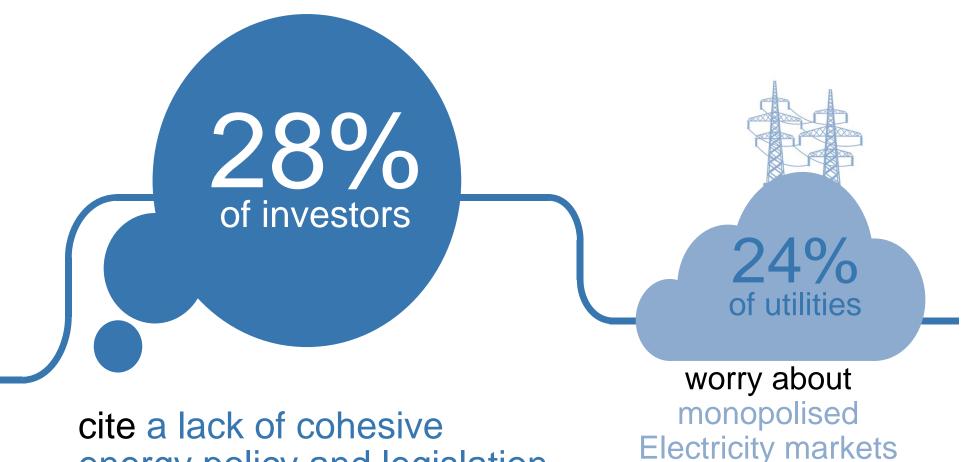


due to high start-up costs and a lack of expertise







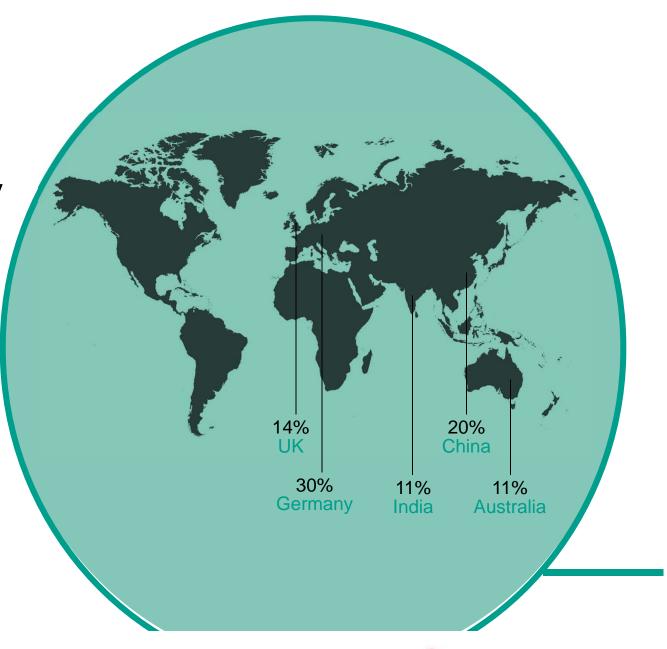


cite a lack of cohesive energy policy and legislation as an obstacle to investment in the smart energy sector whilst

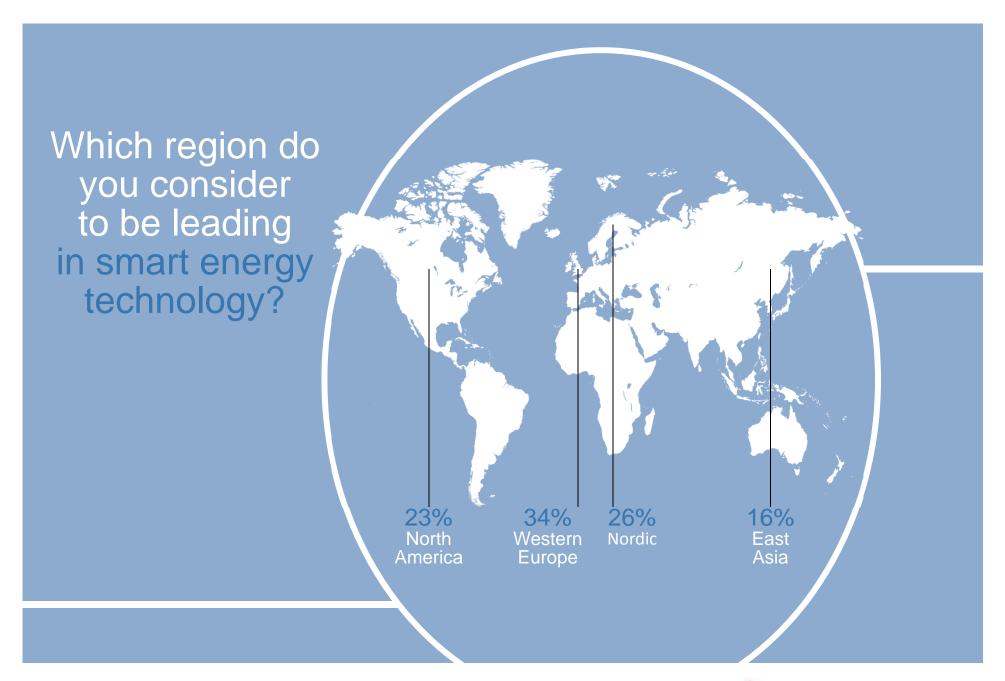


Top 5 target countries

for smart energy investment

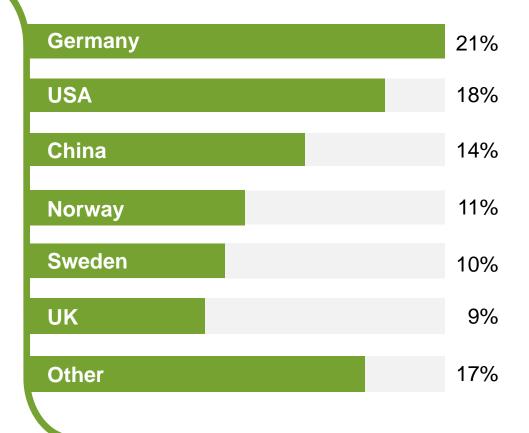








Which country
do you consider
a leader
in implementing
smart energy
technology





#### Perspective

 What does this mean for Scotland's low carbon ambitions?

What are the challenges? – solutions?





Claire Mack, Chief Executive, Scottish Renewables

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# Low-Carbon Transport: Are We Nearly There Yet?

#### Jenny Hogan, Deputy Chief Executive, Scottish Renewables

Humza Yousaf MSP, Minister for Transport and the Islands, Scottish Government

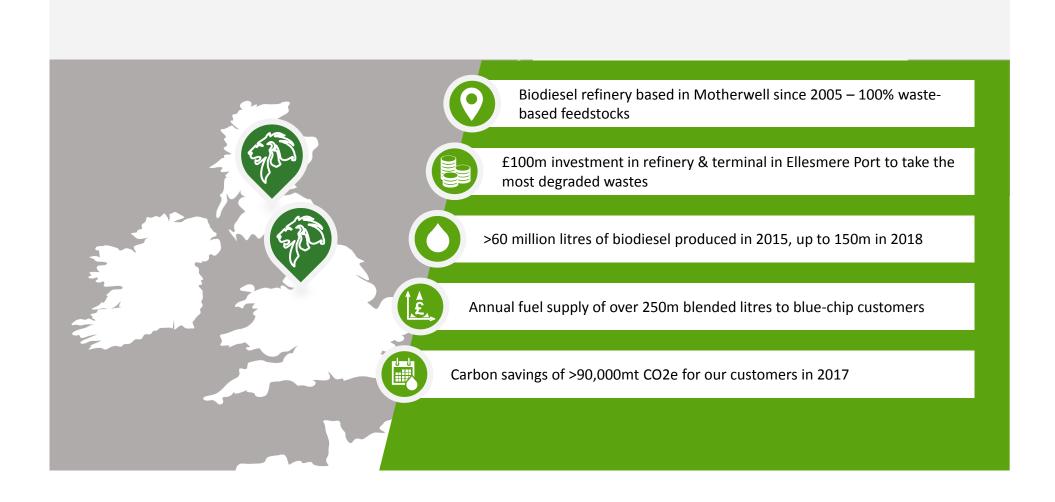
Rick Symington, Commercial
Director, Argent Energy
Bill Ireland, Chief Executive, Logan Energy

# Humza Yousaf MSP Minister for Transport and the Islands, Scottish Government

# Rick Symington Commercial Director, Argent Energy



### **Argent Energy - The Sales Pitch**









#### Are we nearly there yet?

- Where are we right now?
- National & local legislation
- Available Technologies
- What can be done to get there?

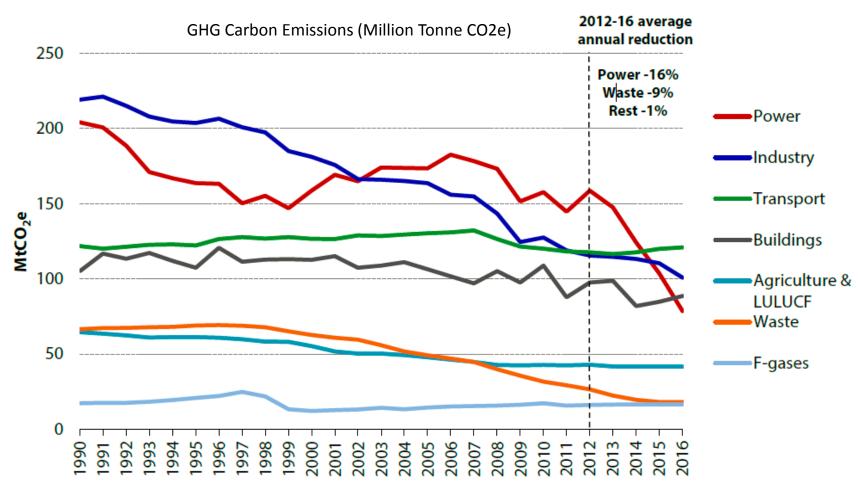








#### How does transport compare to other sectors?



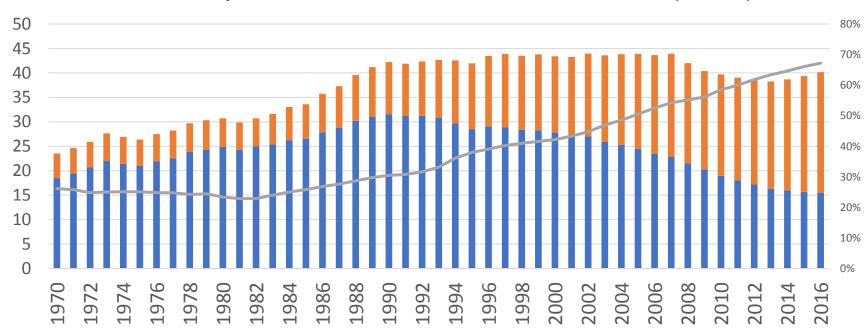
- Climate Change Act commits government to reduce emissions by 80% of 1990 levels by 2050
- Carbon budgets set through to 2032 requires 44% reduction in transport emissions...





#### Long term UK Fuel Consumption Trends

#### Consumption of Petrol / Diesel 1970-2016 (bn Lt)



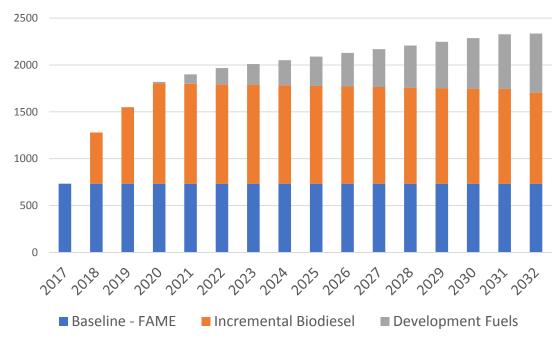
- Overall fuel consumption in UK has remained broadly stable since early 90's
- The share of diesel has grown from 30% to 67% over the last 50 years
- The infrastructure is built up around liquid fuels
- Electric vehicles only ~1.5% of new car sales
- Bus / trucks account for 1/3 of diesel demand





#### National Legislation - UK Road Transport Fuel Obligation (RTFO)





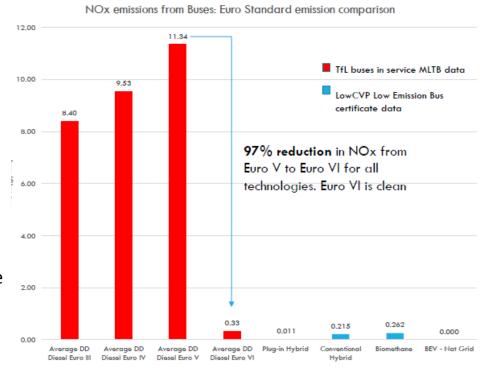
- Total renewable fuel 2016/17, 1.5 billion litres or 3% by volume of total fuel usage
  - 50% bioethanol
  - 46% biodiesel
  - 4% biomethanol
- The current mandate had been stagnant at 4.75% for several years
- Doubling to 9.75% by 2020, and to 12.4% by 2032
- New development fuel category
- Similar mandates in Europe driving demand
- Duty rebate for natural gas (18.6ppl vs 57.95ppl)





#### Local Legislation - Air Quality (and public transport) focused

- Air quality vs decarbonisation
- Low & Ultra Low Emissions Zones / Clean Air Zones / Scottish Air Quality Management Areas
- New Metro Mayors responsible for transport
- Long term electrification aims
- Funding Opportunities
  - DfT GBP40m retrofit fund to Euro VI Standard
  - Scottish Emissions Abatement Retrofit Programme
  - Scottish Bus Service Operators Grant (BSOG)
- Decarbonisation of freight? What's the plan?



Source: LowCVP National Policy Outlook Autumn 2017







#### **Technologies Available – Horses for Courses**





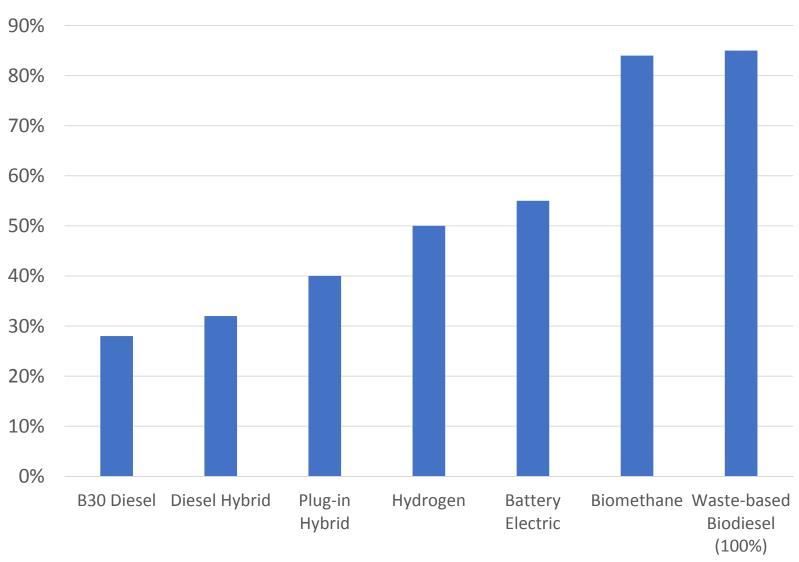
- Multiple new technologies out there electric, hybrid, natural gas, bio-gas, hydrogen fuel cells, biodiesel, retrofit
- Near-term infrastructure constraints
- Retraining of engineering skills
- Competition for renewable resources
- Well-to-wheel carbon savings vs air quality savings / tailpipe emissions







#### Well to Wheel Carbon Savings vs Average Double Deck bus







#### What can regional/national authorities do?

- Not a one-size fits all solution all low carbon/low emission technologies required to meet carbon targets
- Regulation will drive market behaviour through mandates, incentives or duty rebates linked to carbon intensity
- Near term as well as long term legislation in place for decarbonisation















# Bill Ireland Chief Executive, Logan Energy









## Low Carbon Transport Are we nearly there yet?

Bill Ireland – CEO Logan Energy Limited



#### Logan Energy

- Edinburgh based Independent Energy Solutions Provider
- Manufacturer independent
- Over 1.1MWe of fuel cell CHP, CCHP
   >98% installed capacity
- 2013/5 Hyseas
- 2015 DECC H<sub>2</sub> Town
- 2017 Levenmouth
- 2018 HyTIME
- 2018 SEAFUEL







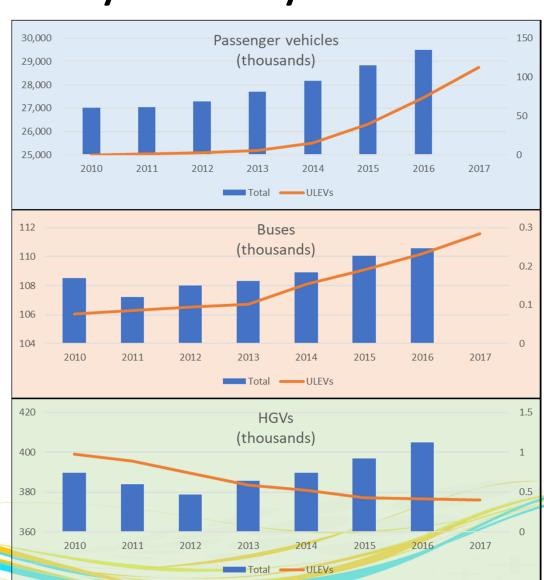


#### Are we nearly there yet?

Passenger vehicles 0.39%

Buses0.26%

HGVs0.10%





### Are we nearly there yet?

- Trains
  - CAPEX of electrification
  - Disruption
  - Fuel cell economic alternative





Marine0%







# The death of the internal combustion engine

#### Fossil fuel omission

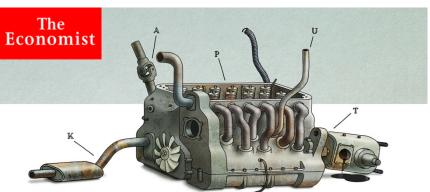
- 2040 France, UK, et al
- 2032 Scotland
- 2030 GLA

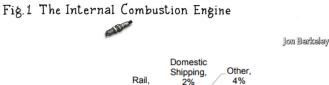


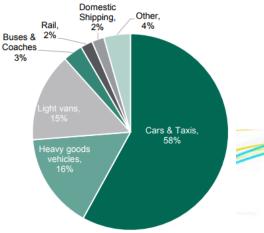
Pollution

Brixton Road in Lambeth has already broken legal limits for toxic air for the entire year, with many other sites across the capital set to follow



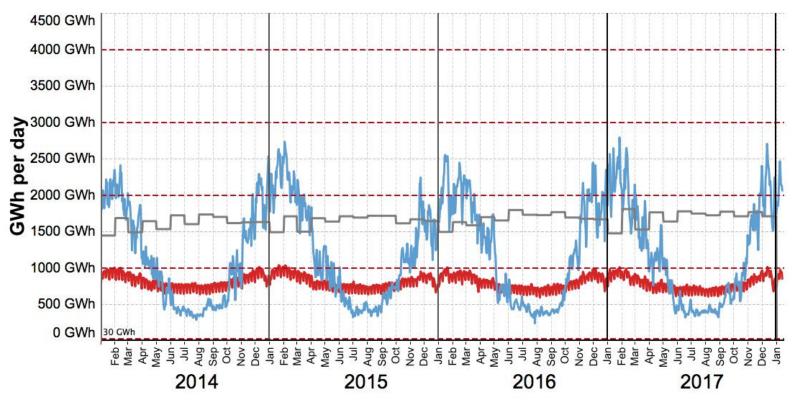








#### **Current GB Energy Consumption**



Data are from National Grid, Elexon and BEIS. Charts are licensed under an Attribution-NoDerivatives 4.0 International license Charts can be downloaded from <a href="http://bit.ly/energycharts">http://bit.ly/energycharts</a>

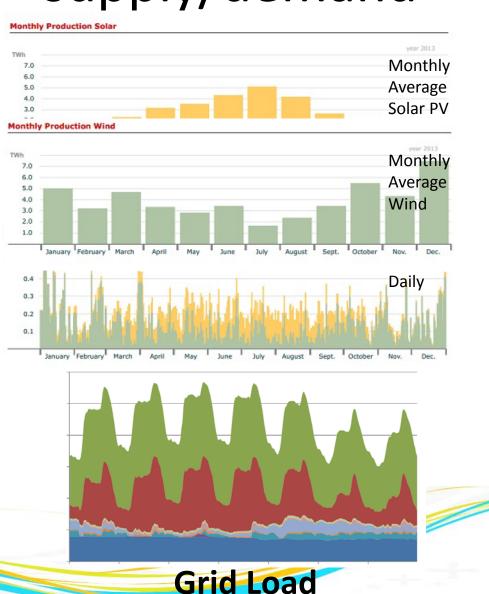


by Dr Grant Wilson grant.wilson@sheffield.ac.uk



#### Energy Profiles – supply/demand

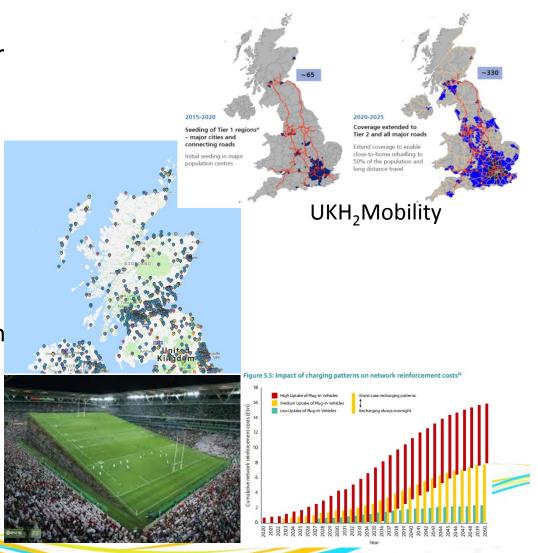
- Potential to balance annual wind and solar
- Different periods of variation
  - Sub-second
  - Seconds/minutes
  - Hours/days
- Different solutions for different situations





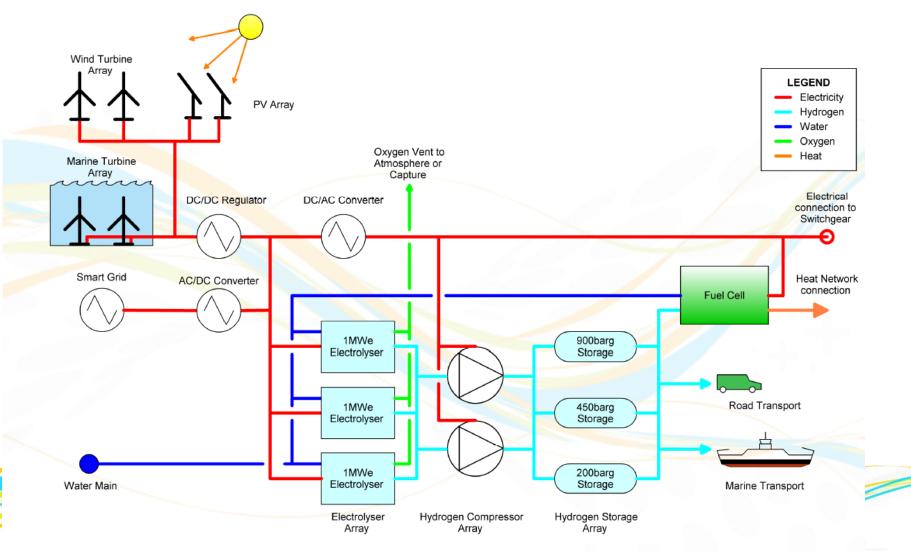
#### Policy, legislation and delivery

- Workable transport strategy for Scotland
- Coordinated legislation
- Level playing field??
  - Offshore wind subsidy
  - Biofuel subsidy
  - O&G no penalties for carbon emissions
  - EVs £5000 subsidy/vehicle
  - H<sub>2</sub> nothing yet...
- Grid reinforcement costs £16bn for EVs alone?
- H<sub>2</sub> recognised as a solution but no reliable support CAPEX – 700bar vs 350bar
- Available vehicles?



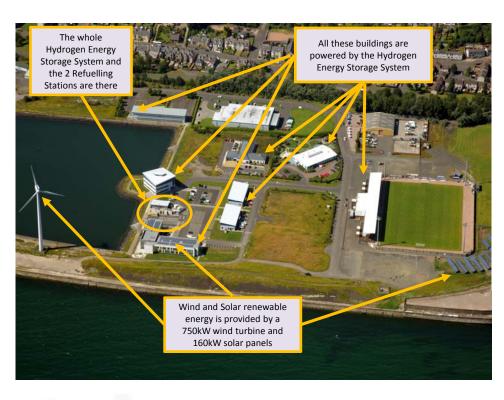


### Large Hydrogen Community





#### Levenmouth Community Energy Project



- Increase generation to 910kW
- Increase microgrid network
- Hydrogen energy storage system
- Two hydrogen refuelling stations – PEM and Alkaline
- Energy management system
- Fleet of 17 vehicles
- Investigation into Rural hydrogen
- Fully operational since April 2017













## Vehicle refuelling







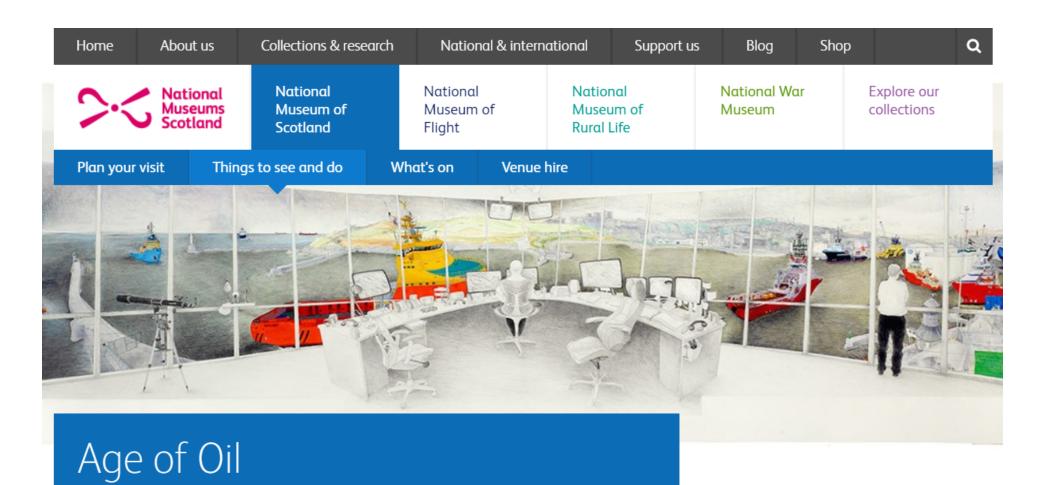


#### **SEAFUEL: Tenerife**

- EU funded Interreg community energy
- Sea water to transport fuel
- Energy balancing system
- Economic HRS for local fleet of FCEVs
- Designed, built, commissioned in Scotland Installed and operated in Tenerife







You are here: Home > National Museum of Scotland > Things to see and do > Past exhibitions > Age of Oil





## Thank you

## Bill Ireland Logan Energy Limited

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#### Jenny Hogan, Deputy Chief Executive, Scottish Renewables

Humza Yousaf MSP, Minister for Transport and the Islands, Scottish Government

Rick Symington, Commercial
Director, Argent Energy
Bill Ireland, Chief Executive, Logan Energy







### LOW-CARBON CITIES CONFERENCE

20 FEBRUARY 2018 EDINBURGH

















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# **Energy in Buildings: Green Heat and Power**

# Viv Cockburn, Director of Corporate Services and Low Carbon, Scottish Futures Trust

Andy Maybury, Consultant, Community Energy Scotland

lan Dunsmore, Project Manager, Scottish Water Horizons

Eddie Boyd, Energy & Sustainability Manager, The Highland Council

Dave Pearson, Director, Star Renewable Energy

# Andy Maybury Consultant, Community Energy Scotland



**Empowering Communities** 

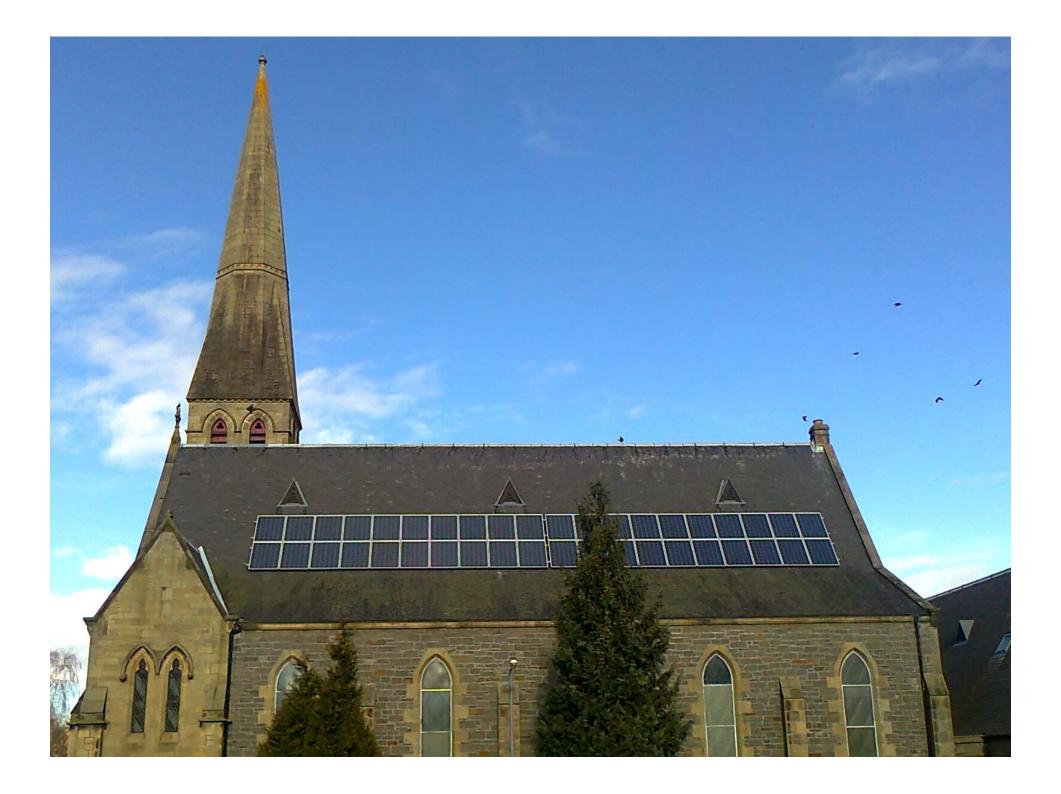
#### Energy in Buildings—Tower Power

Inclusive approaches to energy solutions

**Andy Maybury MA** 

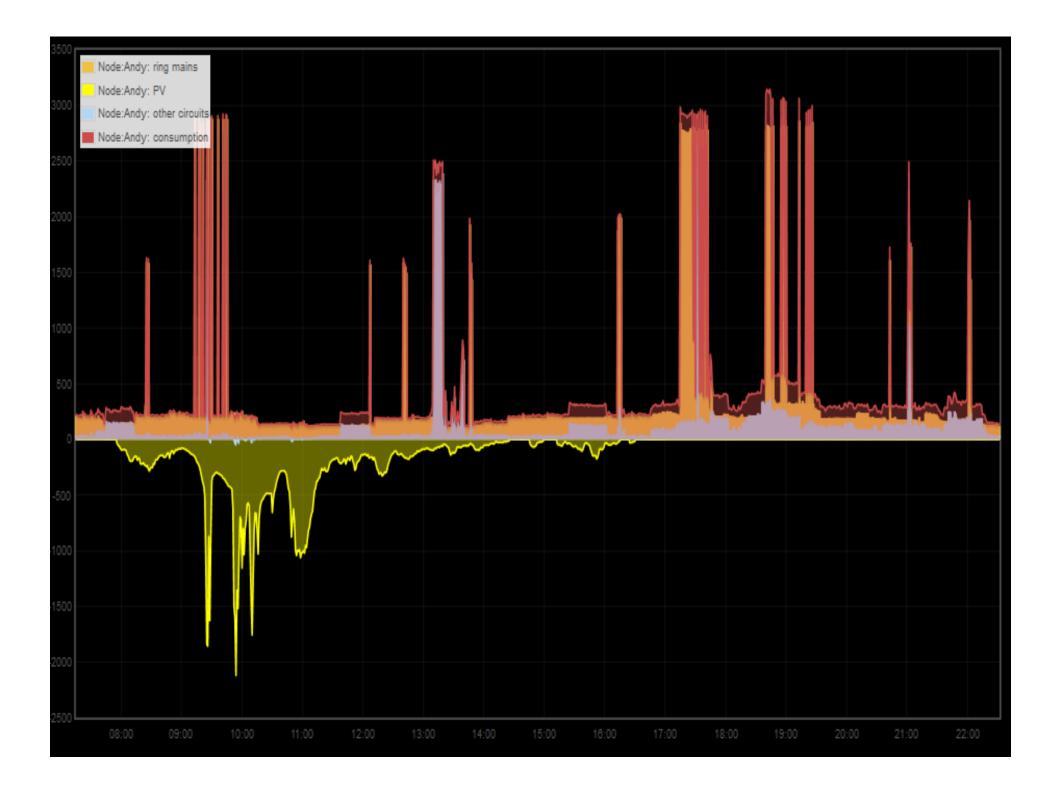


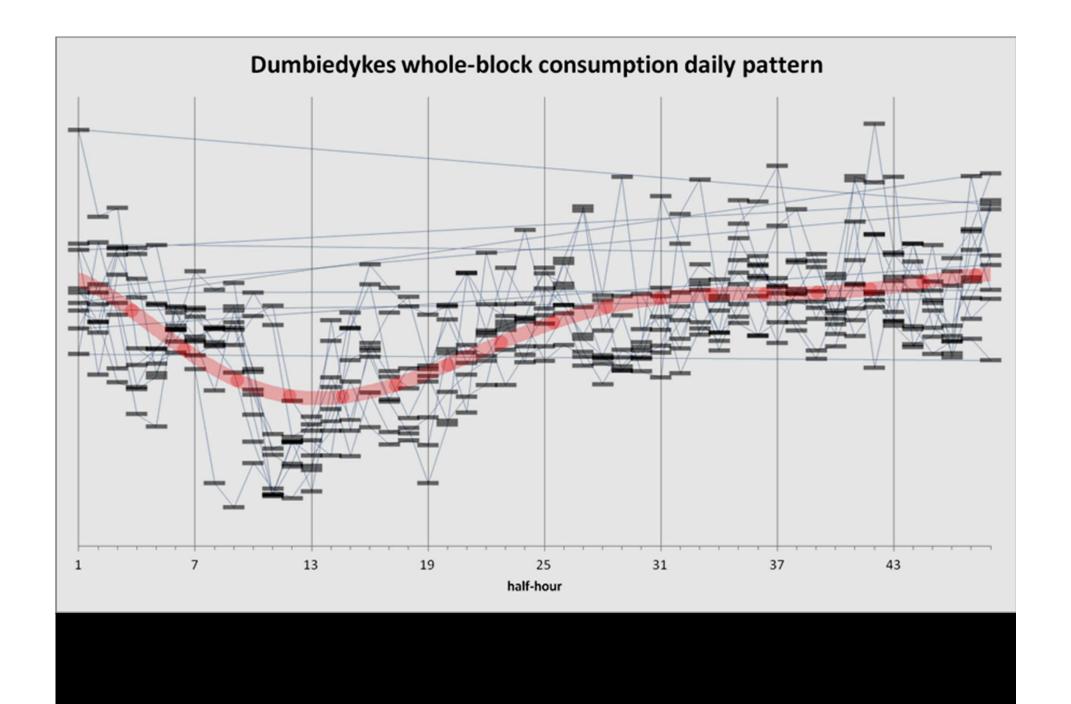
















**Empowering Communities** 

#### Energy in Buildings—Tower Power

Inclusive approaches to energy solutions

**Andy Maybury MA** 



## lan Dunsmore Project Manager, Scottish Water Horizons









Over 1.35 billion litres of water every day

2.5 million households

245 water treatment works

More than 1,800 waste water treatment works



Over 60,000 miles of water pipes and sewers





Wholly owned subsidiary of SW

Non-regulated commercial activities

Conglomerate of diverse businesses

Key drivers include

- Climate Change (Scot) Act 2009
- Water Resources (Scot) Act 2013









- SHARC International Group headquartered in Vancouver, BC, Canada
- Founded in 2010 by a team of HVAC & Geo-Exchange engineering professionals
- Developed first product: The "SHARC"
- Recently released second product: The "PIRANHA" for smaller-scale applications
- SHARC Energy Systems UK division of SHARC International & a wholly owned subsidiary
- SHARC International currently listed on the Canadian Securities Exchange (CSE:SHRC)









#### **Scottish Government Heat Targets**

- 11% heat from renewable sources by 2020 (currently 5%)
- 80% of domestic heat supplied from low-carbon technologies by 2032
- 94% of non-domestic buildings' heat supplied from low-carbon technologies by 2032







In services (non-domestic buildings), we will need to achieve near zero carbon emissions by 2032. We will focus our efforts up to 2025 largely on energy efficiency improvements.

After 2025 we will prioritise low carbon heat with virtually all natural gas boilers being replaced by low carbon heat technologies by 2032.

**Quote from Climate Change Draft Plan 2017** 







#### The campus will benefit from:

- ✓ 1.8 GWh of annual heat
- ✓ GHG emissions saving of in excess of 150 tonnes per year
- ✓ 20 year stable heat supply price
- ✓ Ongoing system O&M
- ✓ System SPF 4.2







#### **OFF SITE**

**Production of equipment:** 

SHARC skid and PHX

Heat pumps

Controls – software development

Distribution pump sets

#### **ON SITE**

**Construction of:** 

**Energy Centre** 

Sewer interface & pumping station install

500m of flow return heat network, connecting 5 plant rooms

Plant room adaptation of college heat distribution – connection to LLH

#### **Customer Feedback**



During our evaluation period we wrestled with the ongoing question, 'Where's the catch?' Surely this could not be as presented, new heating system, price certainty, no capital outlay, significant carbon savings and no ongoing space or delivery issues to worry about.

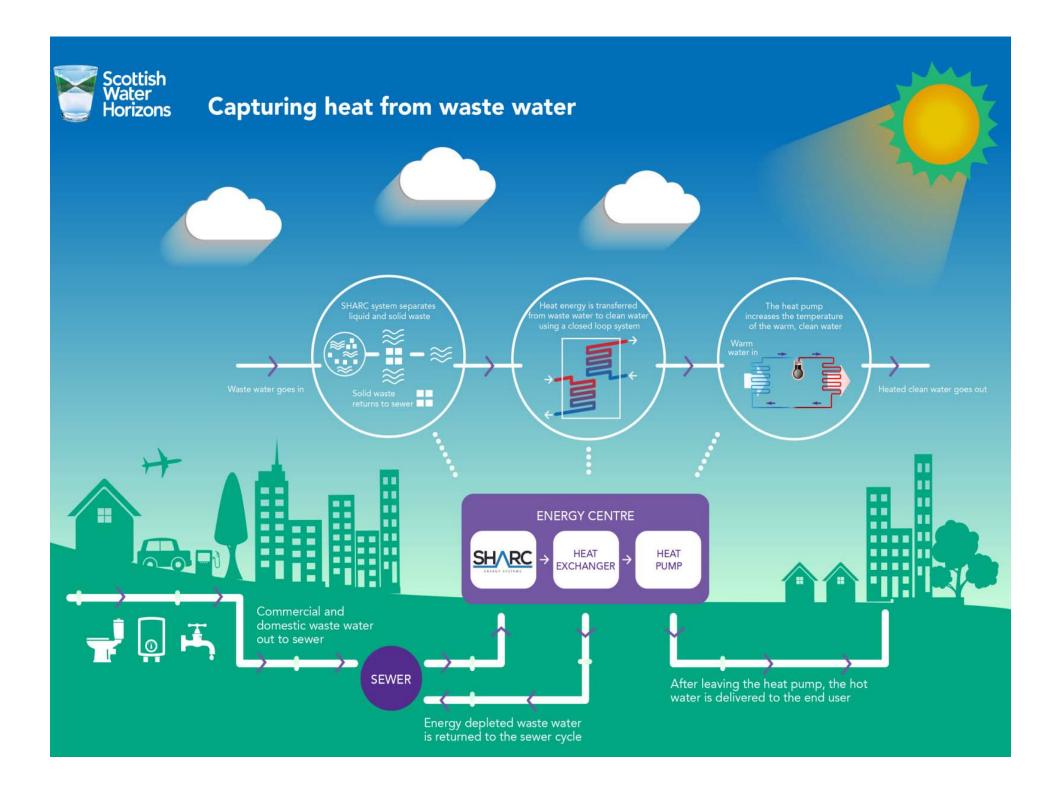
Yes, there were teething problems as you would expect with a new system but these were overcome, Our suspicions were unfounded and we have now been operating successfully for 18 months.

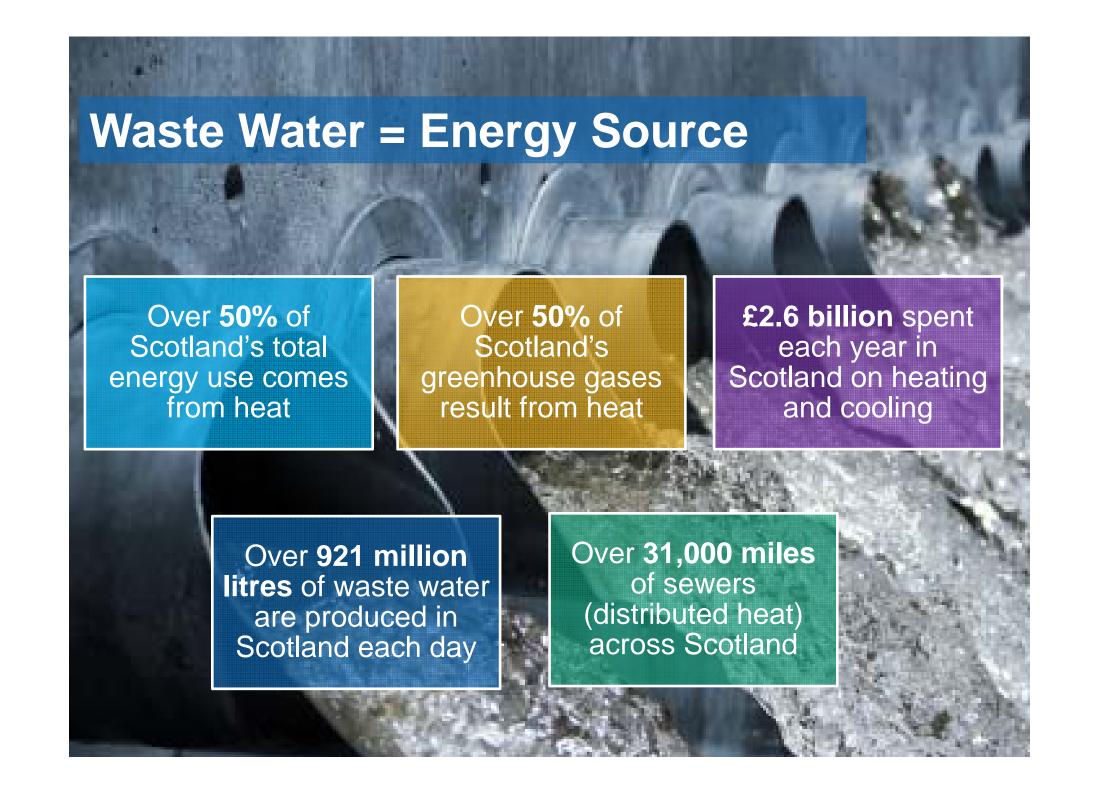
**Rob Hewitt – Facilities Manager at Borders College** 



















#### **Retrofit Challenge**

- Built in the 19<sup>th</sup> Century
- Partially listed status
- Single glazed windows
- Connected to district heating network from central energy centre
- No changes to emitter system

## High Mill, Borders College







#### **Retrofit Challenge**

- Built in 2006
- Library and Leisure Centre
- Diverse heat demands within the building
- Remote location
- Replacing failed Biomass
- Minor emitter upgrades needed

## Aqualibrium, Campbeltown



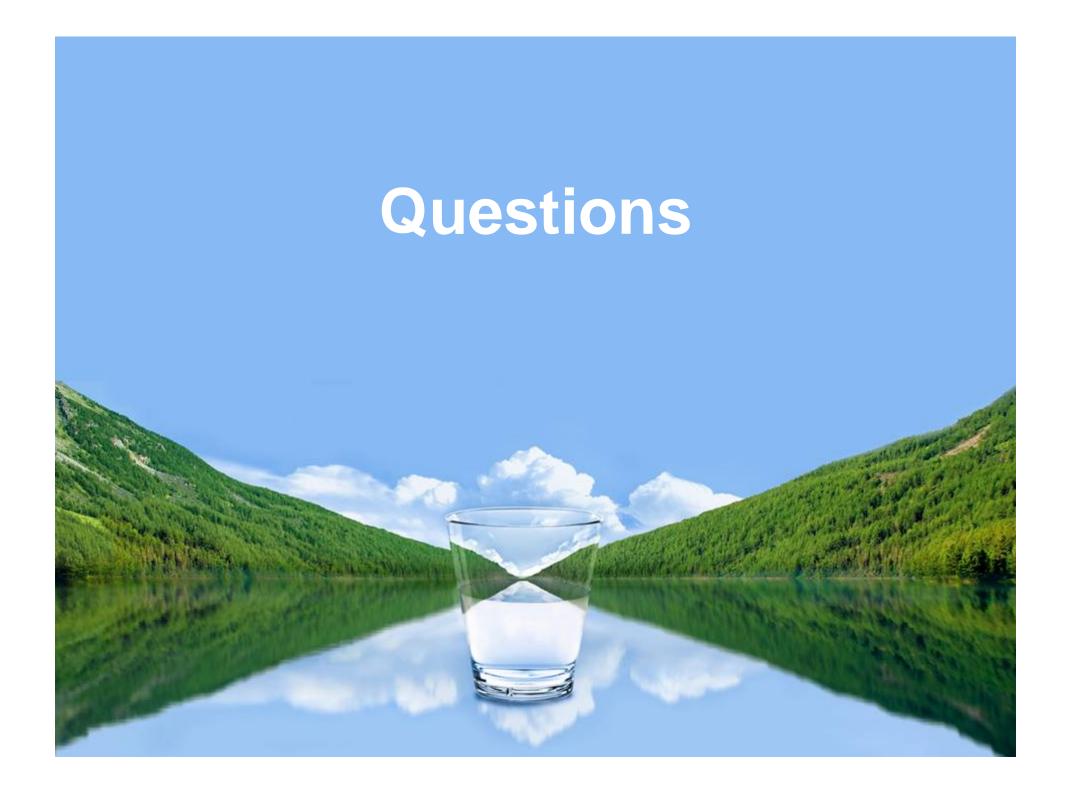




#### **Retrofit Challenge**

- Grade A listed building
- Iconic location
- Planning process including many special interest groups
- Sewer 8m deep
- Underground energy centre
- No change to emitter system

## Kelvingrove Museum, Glasgow



# Eddie Boyd Energy & Sustainability Manager, The Highland Council

# Energy in Buildings: Green Heat & Power

Planning for Change



### **Existing Built Environment**

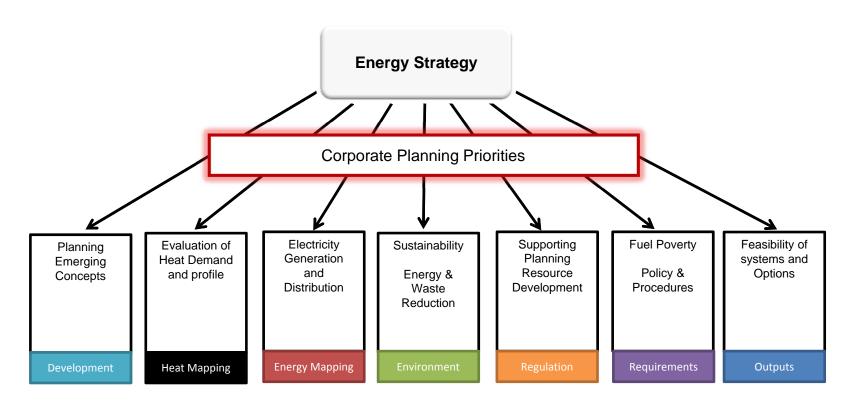
#### What are the barriers to intervention?

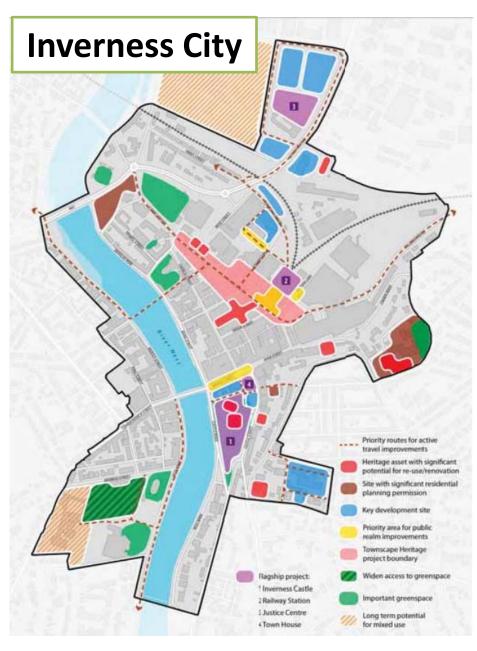
- Restricted buildings
- Unmanaged change
- Varying priorities
- Changing demands
- Lack of available data
- Lengthy consent periods

## **Highland Council**

### **Energy & Low Carbon Planning**

Bringing carbon and energy change into the environment of the local plan





#### **Opportunities?**

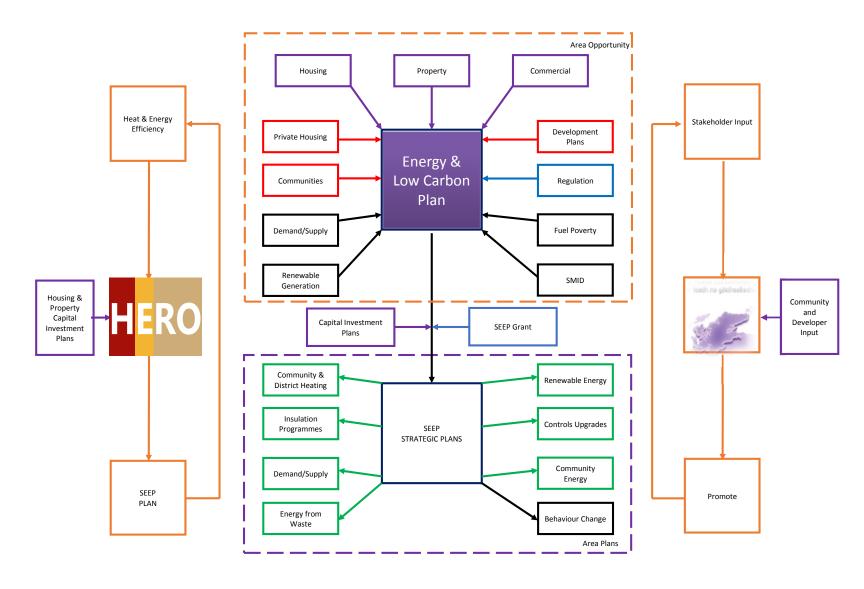
Energy efficiency and low carbon heat encouraged in existing buildings, along with;

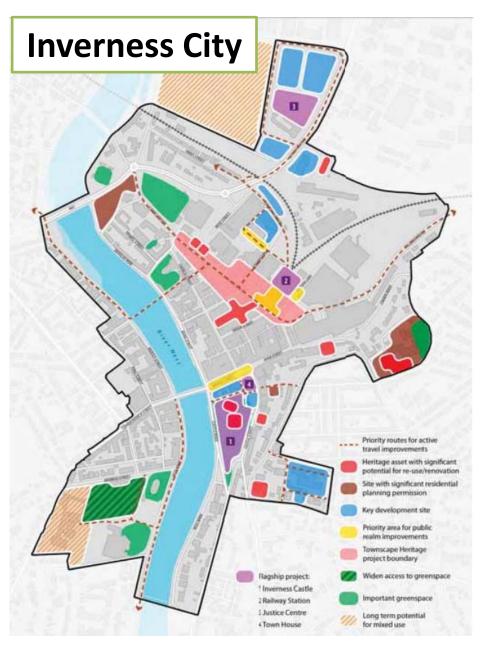
- Heat networks
- Micro-generation
- Mini-grids & Storage
- Renewables
- Heat recovery

#### **Barriers?**

- Planning consent
- Co-operation
- Visibility of options
- Maximising development
- Certainty of opportunity

#### Internal Direction

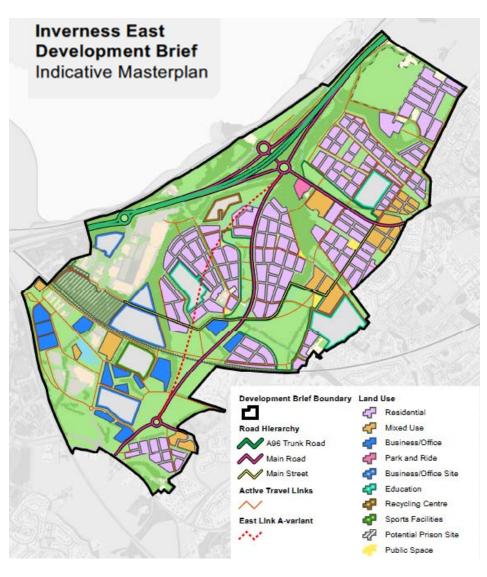




#### **Energy Landscape Solutions**

- District Heating zones
- Low Carbon Heat zones
- Water course heat collection zone
- Gas Network zone
- PV locations
- Plans for decarbonised gas development
- Electricity storage and smart grids
- Waste heat collaboration
- Energy exchange nodes
- Ecar infrastructure

#### Internal Collaboration



#### **Energy Planning**

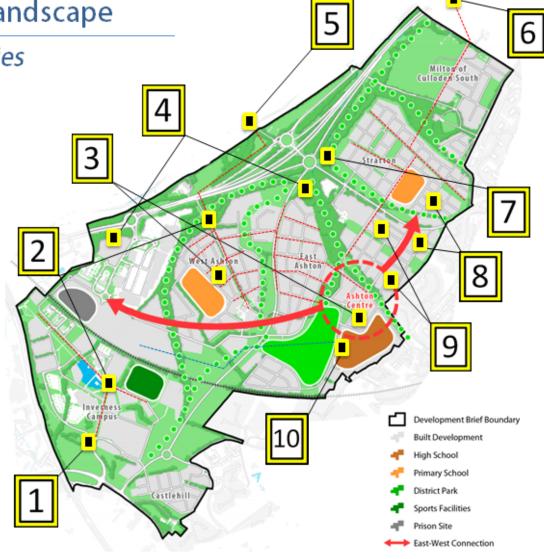
- ✓ Text of brief includes a more specific and inclusive approach to energy
- ✓ Applicants expected to demonstrate how proposals comply with sustainable policies, use Heat Map
- ✓ Brief states high potential of area to incorporate numerous energy solutions due to mixed use e.g.
  - Local generation (capture) of energy and heat
  - Local distribution of energy and heat
  - Electricity and heat storage
  - Electric vehicle charging
  - Air cleansing structures
  - Water re-use and cooling networks

#### Internal Collaboration



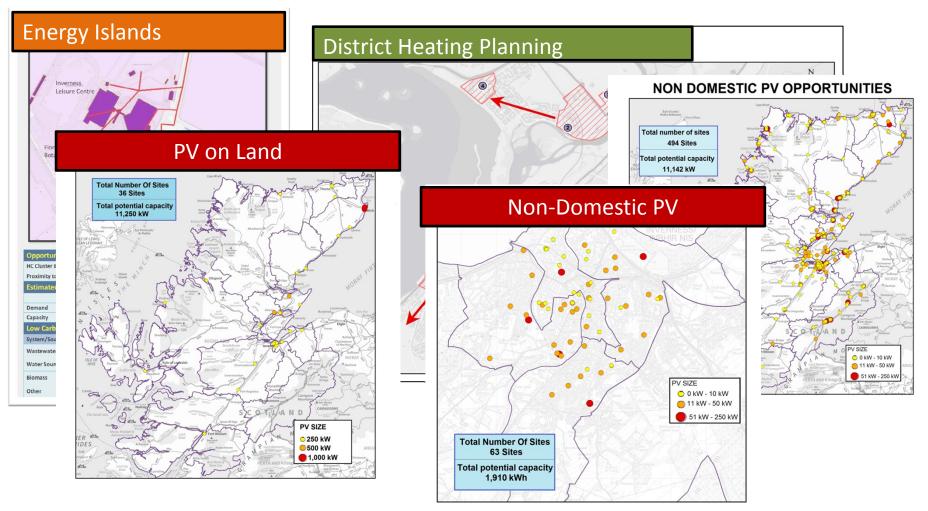
Recognising the Possibilities

1	Community Air Source Heat Pump
2	Electricity/Heat Storage Stations
3	Air Cleansing Structures
4	PV Solar Energy Systems
5	Community Water Source Heat Pump
6	Wastewater Heat Recovery Heating
7	Solar Canopy & Charger Car Park
8	Home Storage and Charging
9	PV Roofs
10	Sustainable Drainage Systems (SuDS)



# Energy & Low Carbon Planning Highland Council – Scoping Works

We are exploring a wide range of energy opportunities...



# Energy & Low Carbon Planning How can YOU add value?

Solar PV on council houses

Solar PV on council buildings & land

Electric transport

Supplying energy

Wind Potential

District heating

Efficiency & behaviour across the council estate

Energy consultancy services

Linking SEEP with commercial activities

Large scale renewables

Helping solving energy issued faced by citizens

Placing energy at the heat of key council decisions

## Get Involved with Highland

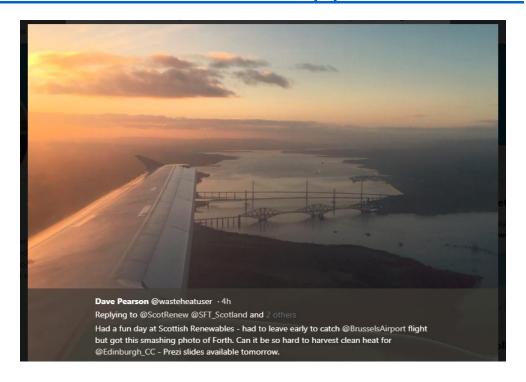


energy.engineering@highland.gov.uk



## Dave Pearson Director, Star Renewable Energy

## https://prezi.com/9mkixlsljejl/?utm campaig n=share&utm medium=copy&rc=ex0share



#### Plan(t) now for the future!

A few reasons why heat pumps and cities are the perfect match for renewable energy, energy efficiency and clean air.





## Viv Cockburn, Director of Corporate Services and Low Carbon, Scottish Futures Trust

Andy Maybury, Consultant, Community Energy Scotland

lan Dunsmore, Project Manager, Scottish Water Horizons

Eddie Boyd, Energy & Sustainability Manager, The Highland Council

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## LOW-CARBON CITIES CONFERENCE

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20 FEBRUARY 2018 EDINBURGH











## **Urban Innovation: Creating the Cities of Tomorrow**

#### Hannah Smith, Senior Policy Manager, Scottish Renewables

Mark Wheeldon, Innovation Project Manager Hydrogen 100, SGN
Ken Ross OBE, CEO, Ross Developments &
Renewables
Mike Collins, Senior Geologist, Arup & Geon
Energy Ltd
Ben Miller, Policy and Communications
Manager Scotland, Smart Energy GB

# Mark Wheeldon Innovation Project Manager - Hydrogen 100, SGN

Hydrogen 100 feasibility study & Safety case

Mark Wheeldon

February 2018





#### Scope (phase1 feasibility)

To include Front End Engineering Design with the aim of determining the viability from both a technical and economic viewpoint of constructing the first 100% Hydrogen network.

#### Method

Three feasibility studies that will run concurrently - All three studies will have the same scope but will be conducted in different locations with very different existing and potential network features.

**Study one** - Levenmouth, Fife

**Study two** –MACC Developments Ltd, Machrihanish Airbase

**Study 3** – Aberdeen conference Centre, Aberdeen



2018

2024

2029

Feasibility FEED Study

(Site Specific

1-2 Years Demonstration Network

(Construct and Operate)

**New PE Network** 

Feasibility Study

> Conversio n of Public Network

1 Year Small Scale Conversion Demonstration

(Expansion of demo site)

(Significant customer interaction)

3-4 Years

Medium Scale Conversion

With Storage CCS & SMR

NIA

NIC + ? + BEIS? + Scottish Government

NIA?



nationalgrid





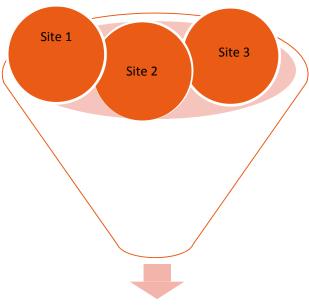
Department for Business, Energy & Industrial Strategy





## SGN H<sub>2</sub> Project – Safe, secure, reliable Distribution





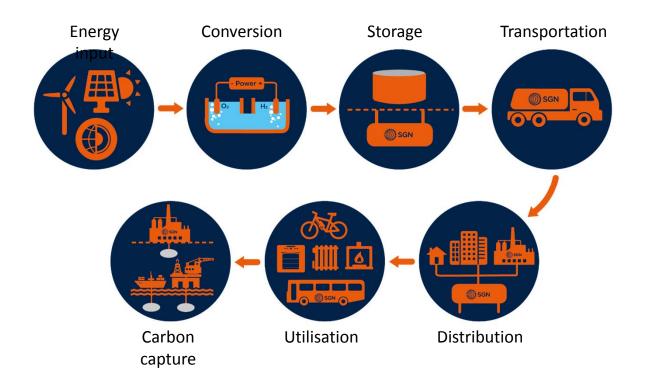
Construction Demonstration 100% H<sub>2</sub>





### **Hydrogen network**

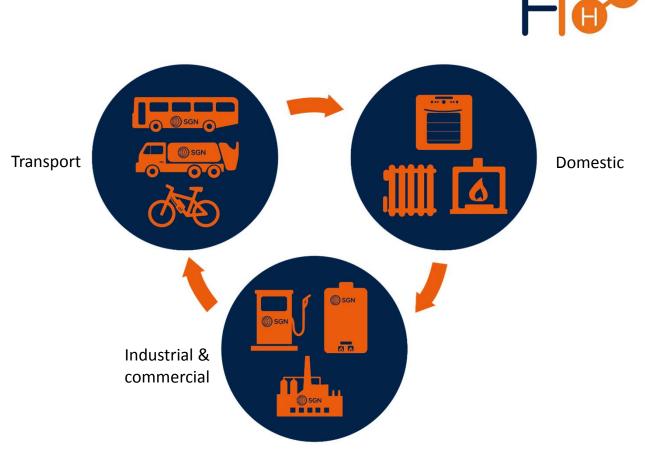




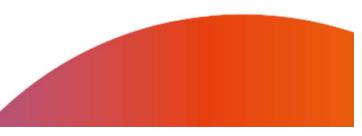




## **H<sub>2</sub> Applications**

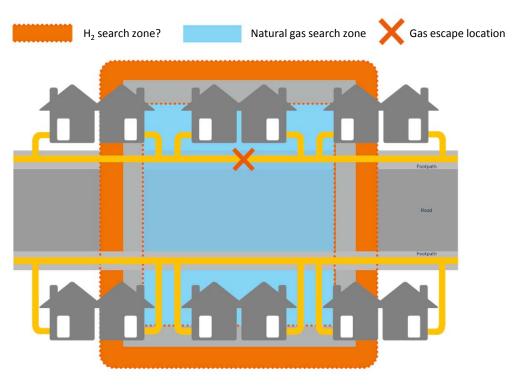






### Search zone for gas escape

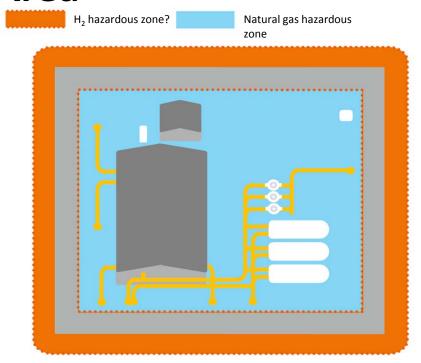






## PRS station and governor Hazardous Area'











#### **Detonation Vs Deflagration**



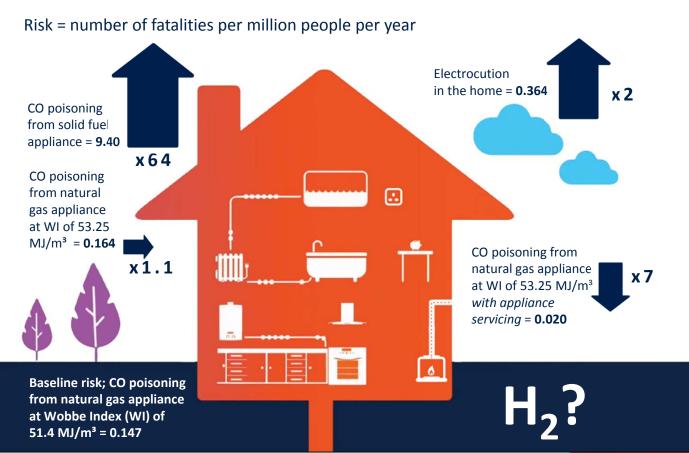






#### Relative risks to the home

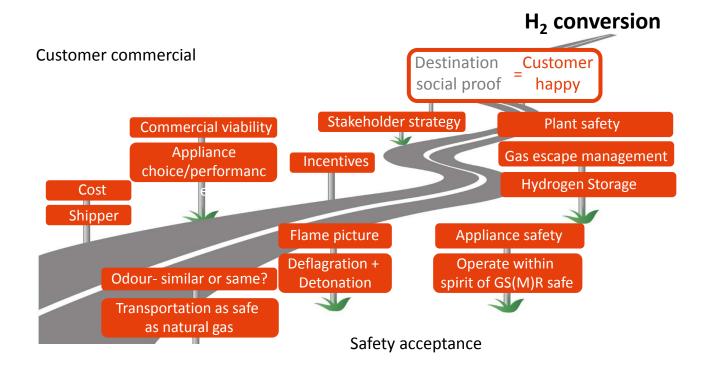






### H<sub>2</sub> Road to social proof







### H100 Feasibility study (Work program)



Compliance framework

Technical & Commercial viability

- 1. Technical assurance and program overview
- 2. Stakeholder and customer strategy
- 3. Safety case & Operational procedures
- 4. PE materials and jointing techniques
- 5. Characteristics of hydrogen
- 6. Consequence testing (NDT & DT)
- 7. Hydrogen logistics (Production & Supply)
- 8. Hydrogen metering
- 9. Gas quality
- 10. Appliance testing

#### A. Site agreements

Feasibility and FEED @ Levenmouth, Campbeltown & Aberdeen

#### B. Site feasibility study's

Technical and Commercial Viability, recommendations and options for each site

#### C. FEED

Technical requirements, Cost of execution, Risk.

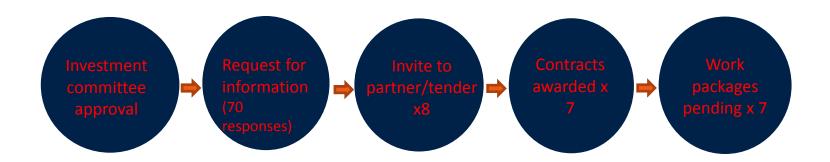
H100 final report

(Options and recommendations)



## Hydrogen 100 project – progress to date







## **Thanks**

Mar wheeldon@sgn.co.ul



### Ken Ross OBE, CEO, Ross Developments & Renewables & Mike Collins, Senior Geologist, Arup & Geon Energy Ltd

## Scottish Renewables Low Carbon Cities Conference 20 February 2018

Ken Ross, CEO

#### **Ross Developments & Renewables Ltd**

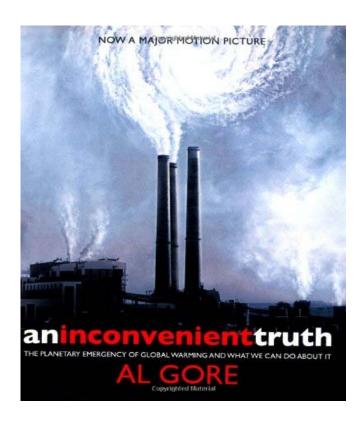








## Scottish Renewables Low Carbon Cities Conference 20 February 2018



An Inconvenient

Truth:

The Planetary

**Emergency of** 

**Global Warming** 

and What We Can

Do About it by

Al Gore











#### **VALUES**

COMMERCIAL CULTURAL

Integrity Fun

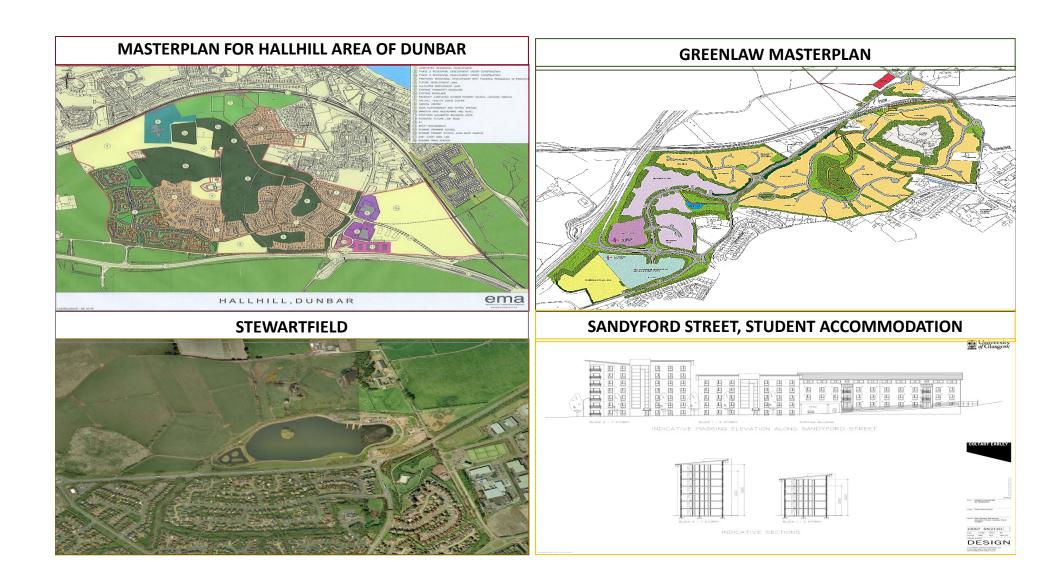
Professionalism Family

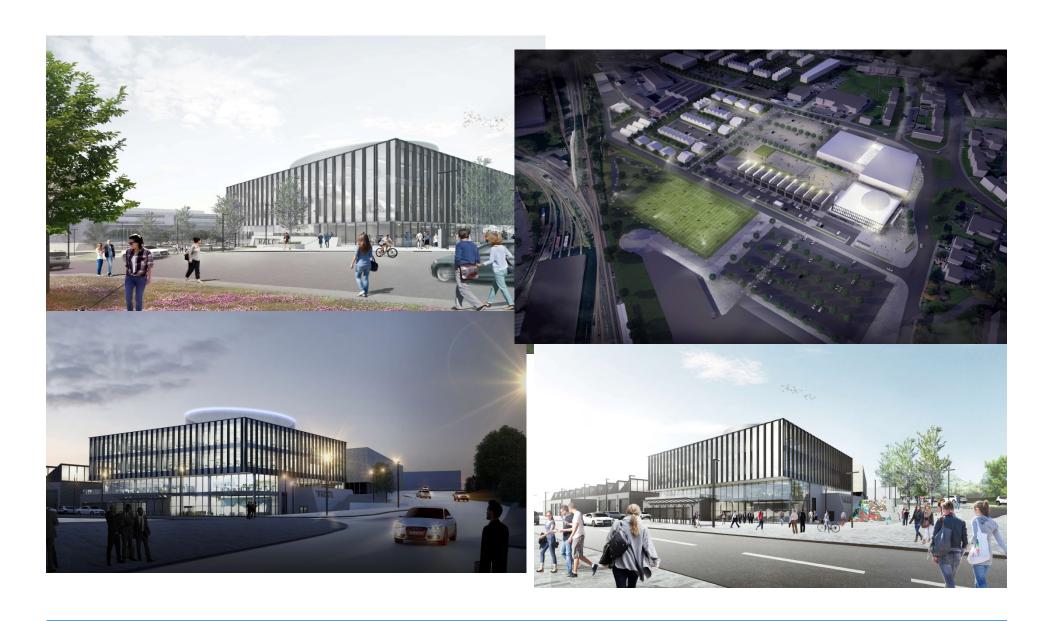
Innovation Trust

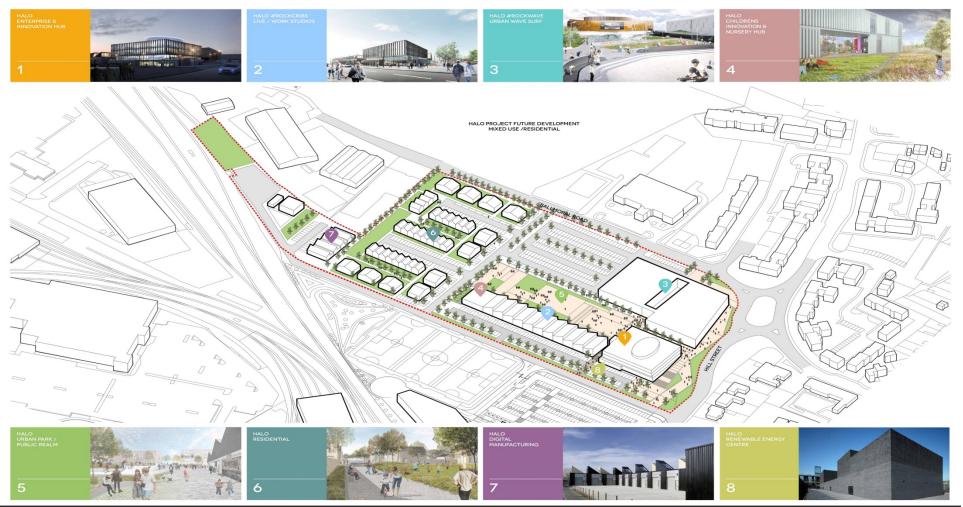
#### Resilience

From your values flow your behaviours and activities

























## Innovating a Low Carbon Geothermal Future in the UK

Mike Collins – Geothermal Project Manager

BSc(Hons), MSc, CGeol, EurGeol, FGS, CSci, CEnv, MIEnvSc, PIEMA UK Registered Ground Engineering Professional

Scottish Renewables Low Carbon Cities Conference 20th February 2018







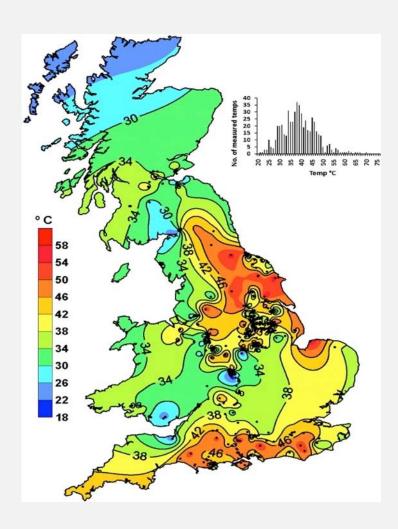
#### **UK Deep Temperature Profile**

Ground Temperatures are well understood.

UK thermal gradient average is 2.8 °C per 100m increase in depth (BGS).

Large areas of Scotland have a suitable thermal gradient (50 – 70°C) at 2km.

Permits deep geothermal heat delivery at location of heat demand.





Joint Venture between Arup and Geothermal Engineering Ltd. Geon Energy plans, designs, installs and operates deep geothermal single well (DGSW) systems to supply renewable and sustainable heating

#### **ARUP**

- Firm of more than 12,000 engineers, planners and designers across 40 countries.
- Provides experts in energy, geotechnics, geomechanics and built environment



- Award winning start up firm, emerging UK leader and developer of new geothermal heat supply concept.

## Need for Geothermal Innovation to <u>Deliver</u> UK resource potential

#### Reasons

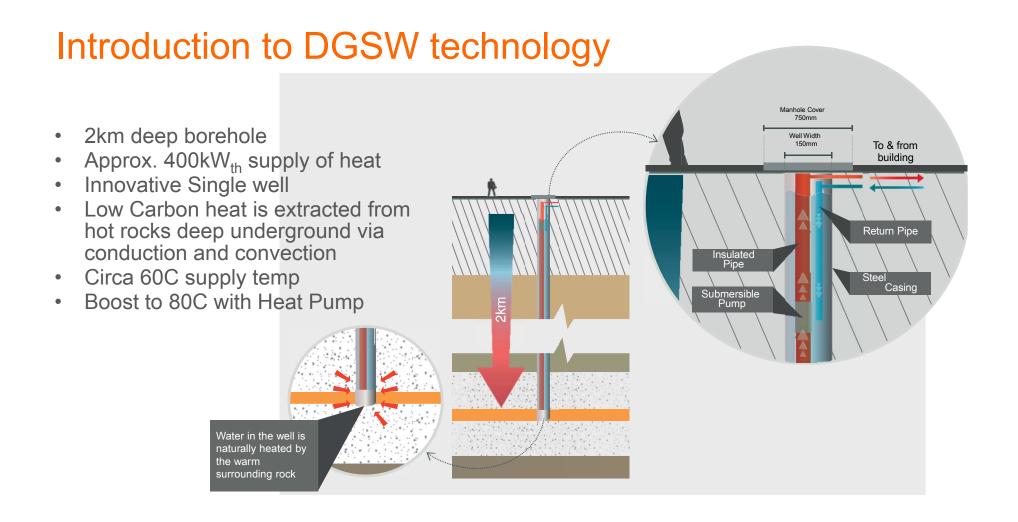
- Suitable Deep Aquifers / Rock Permeability - RISK
- High Capital Costs RISK
- Geographical Reach
- Heat Demand
- Need to start simple to move forward!





### How the DGSW removes these challenges

- Does not rely on high permeability rock / abstraction of large volumes of water
- Can work in almost any geological environment.
- No fracking or stimulation,
- No injection of fluids or chemicals,
- No seismic risks.
- Low cost, replicable and transformational technology that can be taken to heat demand.
- All aspects of the well underground. No visual Impact.
- Small Footprint



#### Rosemanowes Test Well 2014

DGSW testing in existing 2.3km deep well.

Drew Geothermal Water at 69 ℃

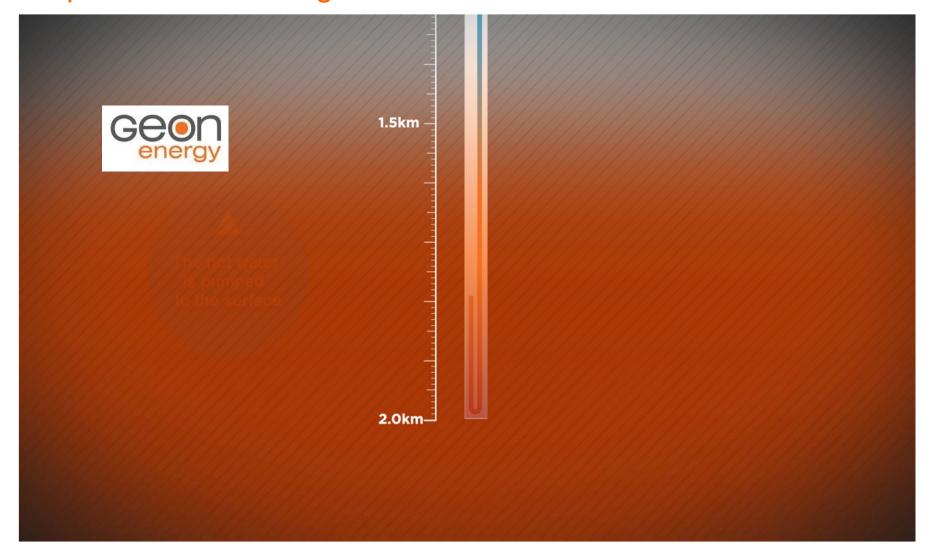
7kW input required to deliver a peak load of 363kW

COP of 52 (compared to 4 for GSHP!)

UK Renewable and Engineering Innovation Award Recognition 2015 & 2017

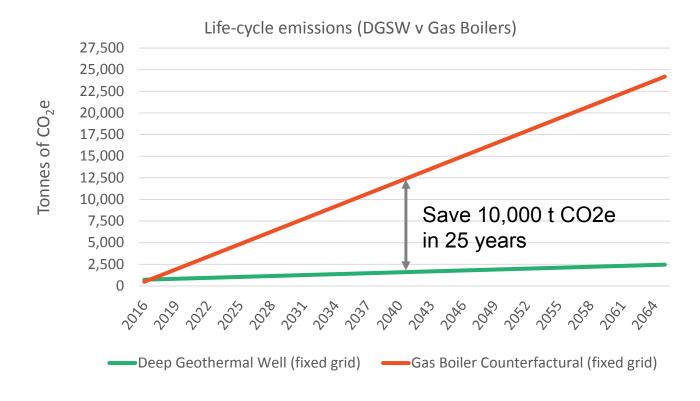


## Deep Geothermal Single Well



Geon Energy Ltd 2018 Geon Energy

### Why Geothermal? A CO<sub>2</sub> Comparison



- 12 times more carbon efficient than gas boilers.
- COP 20-50
- Construction
   carbon emissions
   offset in less than
   one year.
- Save tonnes of carbon emissions in design life.

Arup 2015 Geon Energy

### 'Active' Geothermal Energy Projects in the UK



Glasgow ESIOS
Geothermal
Minewater Research
Site

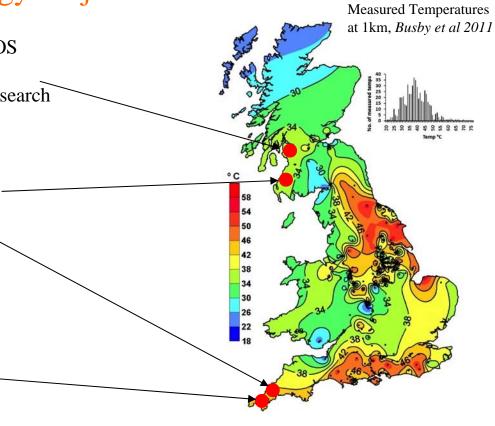


Kilmarnock Halo, DHN

Jubilee Pool, Cornwall



Cornwall Deep Geothermal Electricity Demonstrator



### Jubilee Pool, Penzance, Cornwall – Geothermal Heat Supply





# Scotland's <u>First</u> Deep Geothermal DHN (The Halo, Kilmarnock)

DGSW to be drilled to 2km to deliver decarbonised heat to the developments Innovation Centre.

Low Carbon heat transferred across heat exchanger to be distributed via district heat network (DHN) to Phase 1 of the development.

Project funded £1.8m by

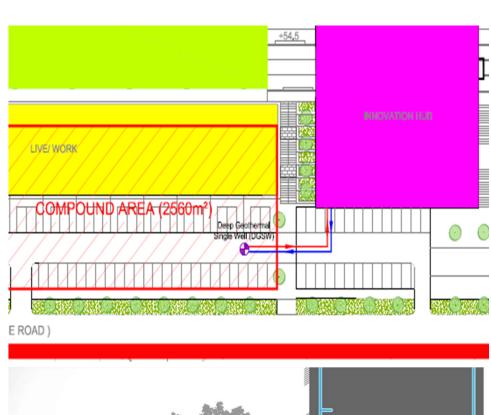


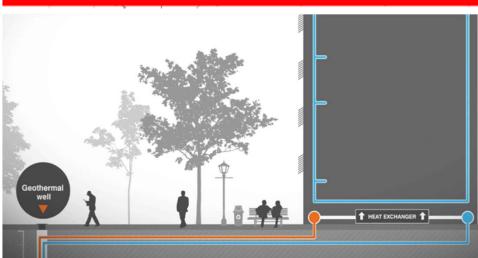
and being developed by:











### Timescales for Halo Deep Geothermal project

Planning and Consenting September 2017 – February 2018

Commencement of Drilling in April / May 2018

Well Testing and Commissioning June to August 2018.

Well Operational Dec 2018 (Condition of LCITP Funding)



# United Downs Deep Geothermal Electricity Demonstrator

Highly Innovative Well Design

1-2 MW Electricity Demonstrator

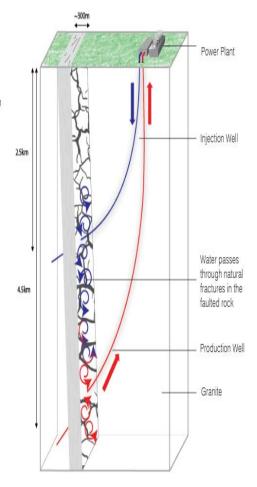
Drilling of 2.5km and 4.5km to commence in May 2018.

Low Carbon geothermal electricity

#### Project Overview

Unlike the previous Hot Dry Rock research project carried out in Cornwall in the 1980s, UDDGP plans to target a permeable geological structure called the Porthtowan Fault Zone, which lies about 800m to the west of the United Downs site. Two deep holes (wells) will be drilled into it; one for injection at about 2,500m depth and one for production at 4,500m. The temperature at the bottom of the production well is expected to be about 190 °C.

Water will be pumped from the production well, fed through a heat exchanger and then re-injected into the ground to pick up more heat from the rocks in a continuous cycle. The extracted heat will be used to supply a demonstration power plant.







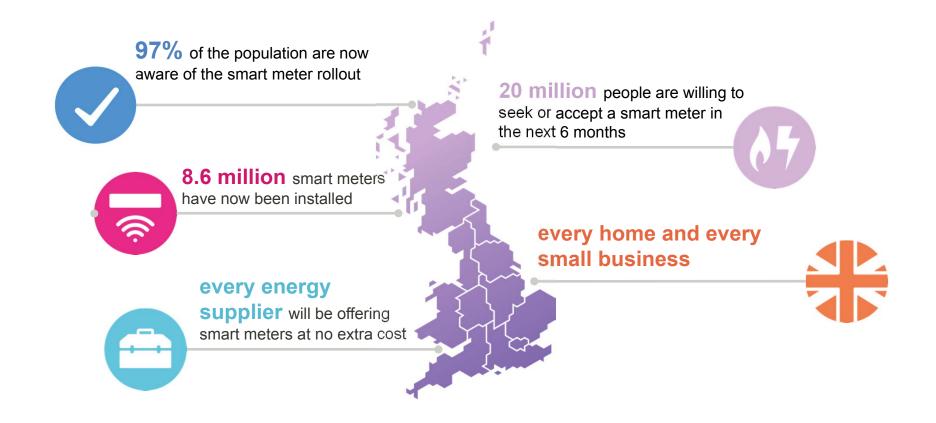
# Ben Miller Policy and Communications Manager Scotland, Smart Energy GB



# Urban cities: creating the cities of tomorrow

20 February 2018

# Britain's digital energy revolution is underway







Vattenfall enters UK home energy market with iSupplyEnergy acquisition

France's Engie aims to restore trust in energy firms with tracker tariff

# Shell to supply energy to UK households after takeover of First Utility

Move by Anglo-Dutch oil firm expected to shake up market whose competitiveness has been under intense political scrutiny







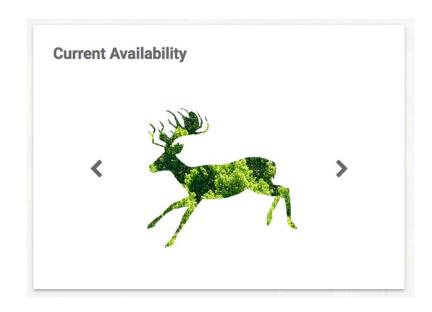
HOUSEHOLDS IN NEED EVERY YEAR



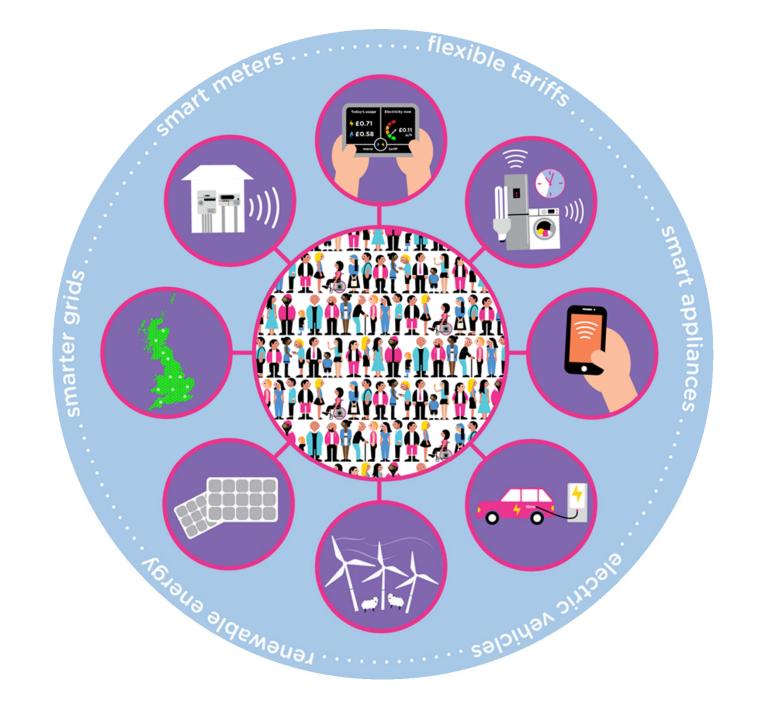












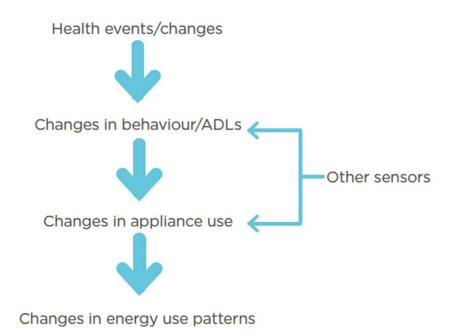
# Could energy data transform healthcare? A smart future for everybody

The smart meter rollout will create a broad platform for innovation thanks to the detailed data generated by households.

More care is taking place in the home rather than in institutions.

Smart meter functions such as real-time information and a modern payment system will already help vulnerable households.

Using the data stream to analyse behaviour could lead to much wider benefits.





# Micro and macro

## Potential uses of smart energy data

Ongoing monitoring of conditions

Alerting relatives or care professionals

Aiding diagnosis

Aggregate data analytics







## What can smart meters offer?

Smart meter advantages as a platform include:



Near ubiquity



Historical data



Low cost



Versatile









# Thank you



## Hannah Smith, Senior Policy Manager, Scottish Renewables

Mark Wheeldon, Innovation Project Manager Hydrogen 100, SGN
Ken Ross OBE, CEO, Ross Developments &
Renewables
Mike Collins, Senior Geologist, Arup & Geon
Energy Ltd
Ben Miller, Policy and Communications
Manager Scotland, Smart Energy GB







# LOW-CARBON CITIES CONFERENCE

20 FEBRUARY 2018 EDINBURGH









